



2015 Evidence of COVERAGE

UnitedHealthcare® Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)

Group Name (Plan Sponsor): Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
Group Number: 13800



Toll-Free 1-844-518-5877, TTY 711

8 a.m. – 8 p.m. local time, Monday – Friday



www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs



January 1 – December 31, 2015

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2015. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services you need. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

This plan, UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO), is offered by UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company, Inc. (When this **Evidence of Coverage** says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company, Inc. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO).

Plans are insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies, a Medicare Advantage organization with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan’s contract renewal with Medicare.

Customer Service has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers (phone numbers are below).

This document may be available in an alternate format such as Braille, larger print or audio. Please contact our customer service number at 1-844-518-5877, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday, for additional information.

Benefits, provider network, premium, deductible, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2016.

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-844-518-5877. Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-844-518-5877. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务，帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务，请致电 1-844-518-5877。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問，為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務，請致電 1-844-518-5877。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-844-518-5877. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-844-518-5877. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-844-518-5877 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quý vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-844-518-5877. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-844-518-5877 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-844-518-5877. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على بمساعدتك. هذه . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية. 1-844-518-5877 مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-844-518-5877 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-844-518-5877. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-844-518-5877. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal wa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-844-518-5877. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-844-518-5877. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通訳サービスがあります。通訳をご用命になるには、1-844-518-5877にお電話ください。日本語を話す人 者が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

2015 Evidence of Coverage

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SECTION 1 Introduction

**Section 1.1 You are enrolled in UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO),
which is a Medicare PPO**

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care coverage through our plan, UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO).

There are different types of Medicare health plans. UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) is a Medicare Advantage PPO Plan (PPO stands for Preferred Provider Organization). This plan does not include Part D prescription drug coverage. Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare PPO is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

Section 1.2 What is the Evidence of Coverage booklet about?

This **Evidence of Coverage** booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

This plan, UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO), is offered by UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. (When this **Evidence of Coverage** says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO).

When the Agreement is purchased by the Group to provide benefits under a welfare plan governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), 29 U.S.C. §1001 et seq., we are not the plan administrator or named fiduciary of the welfare plan, as those terms are used in ERISA.

The word “coverage” and “covered services” refers to the medical care and services available to you as a member of UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO).

Section 1.3 What does this Chapter tell you?

Look through Chapter 1 of this **Evidence of Coverage** to learn:

- What makes you eligible to be a plan member?
- What is your plan’s service area?
- What materials will you get from us?
- What is your plan premium?
- How do you keep the information in your membership record up to date?

Section 1.4	What if you are new to UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)?
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If you are a new member, then it's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this **Evidence of Coverage** booklet.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan's Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1.5	Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage
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It's part of our contract with you

This **Evidence of Coverage** is part of our contract with you about how UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form or your verbal or electronic election of our plan and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called "riders" or "amendments."

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015.

Each year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of our plan after December 31, 2015. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2015.

Medicare must approve our plan each year

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2	What makes you eligible to be a plan member?
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Section 2.1	Your eligibility requirements
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You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You meet the eligibility requirements of your former employer, union group or trust administrator (Plan Sponsor)
- You live in our geographic service area (section 2.3 below describes our service area)
- — **and** — you have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B

Some plan sponsors have made arrangements with us to offer a Medicare Advantage plan even though you aren't entitled to Part A based on former employment.

Section 2.2 What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services), skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies.
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician's services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment and supplies).

If you are not entitled to Medicare Part A, please refer to your plan sponsor's enrollment materials, or contact your plan sponsor directly to determine if you are eligible to enroll in our plan. Some plan sponsors have made arrangements with us to offer a Medicare Advantage plan even though you aren't entitled to Part A based on former employment.

Section 2.3 Here is the plan service area for UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)

Our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes the 50 United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands and American Samoa.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 3 What other materials will you get from us?

Section 3.1 Your plan member ID card – Use it to get all covered care

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your member ID card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan. Here's a sample member ID card to show you what yours will look like:



As long as you are a member of our plan **you must not use your red, white, and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services with the exception of routine clinical research studies and hospice services. Keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

Here's why this is so important: If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue Medicare card instead of using your, UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) member ID card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan member ID card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Section 3.2	The Provider Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network
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The **Provider Directory** lists our network providers.

What are “network providers”?

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan.

Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. See Chapter 3 (**Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**) for more specific information.

If you don't have your copy of the **Provider Directory**, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also search for provider information on our website. Both Customer Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network providers. (You can find our website and phone information in Chapter 2 of this booklet.)

SECTION 4	Your monthly premium for UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)
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Section 4.1	How much is your plan premium?
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Your Plan Sponsor will determine the amount, if any, of your contribution toward the monthly premium for our Plan. In addition, you must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. Most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. **You must continue paying your Medicare premium to remain a member of the plan.**

Your copy of **Medicare & You 2015** gives information about these premiums in the section called “2015 Medicare Costs.” This explains how the Medicare Part B premium differs for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of **Medicare & You 2015** from the Medicare website (<http://www.medicare.gov>). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

Monthly plan premium changes and employer-sponsored benefit changes are subject to contractual arrangements between your plan sponsor and us, and as a result, monthly plan premiums generally do not change during the year. Your plan sponsor is responsible for notifying you of any monthly plan premium changes or retiree contribution changes (the portion of your monthly plan premium your plan sponsor requires you to pay) prior to the date when the change becomes effective.

SECTION 5 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

Section 5.1 How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

Call the Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System directly: toll-free at 1-800-618-1687 or local at 502-848-8500:

Change your address, your phone number or dependents.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse’s employer, workers’ compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 7 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 6 We protect the privacy of your personal health information

Section 6.1 We make sure that your health information is protected
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 6, Section 1.4 of this booklet.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Section 7.1 Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?
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When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.

- If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, the plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

CHAPTER 2: Important phone numbers and resources

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SECTION 1 UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) contacts
(how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)

How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing or member ID card questions, please call or write to our plan Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	1-844-518-5877 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Customer Service Department P.O. Box 29675, Hot Springs, AR 71903-9675
WEBSITE	www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-844-518-5877 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., local time, Monday through Friday
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Customer Service Department PO Box 29675, Hot Springs, AR 71903-9675
WEBSITE	www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs

How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**).

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	<p>1-844-518-5877</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday</p> <p>For fast/expedited appeals for medical care:</p> <p>1-877-262-9203</p> <p>Hours of Operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday</p>
FAX	<p>1-888-517-7113</p> <p>For fast/expedited appeals for medical care only:</p> <p>1-866-373-1081</p>
WRITE	<p>UnitedHealthcare Appeals and Grievances Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630</p>
WEBSITE	<p>www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs</p>

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan’s coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	<p>1-844-518-5877</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday</p> <p>For fast/expedited appeals for medical care:</p> <p>1-877-262-9203</p> <p>Hours of Operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday</p>
FAX	<p>1-888-517-7113</p> <p>For fast/expedited complaints about medical care only:</p> <p>1-866-373-1081</p>
WRITE	<p>UnitedHealthcare Appeals and Grievances Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630</p>
MEDICARE WEBSITE	<p>You can submit a complaint about UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.</p>

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 5 (**Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services**).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	1-844-518-5877 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare P.O. Box 31362, Salt Lake City, UT 84131-0362
WEBSITE	www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs

SECTION 2

Medicare

(how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called “CMS”). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	<p>1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>
TTY	<p>1-877-486-2048</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
WEBSITE	<p>http://www.medicare.gov</p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information. • Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. Because you are covered by an Employer Sponsored plan, you will not find UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage plans listed on http://www.medicare.gov.” These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans. <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program. <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)</p>

SECTION 3 **State Health Insurance Assistance Program**
(free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit A)**.

SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

SECTION 4 **Quality Improvement Organization**
(paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a Quality Improvement Organization for each state. A list of QIOs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit B)**.

Each QIO has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. QIO is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact the QIO in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or ESRD and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday
WEBSITE	http://www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6

Medicaid

(a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualified Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state-specific QIO. A list of Medicaid office in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit C)**.

SECTION 7

Do you have “group insurance” or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

CHAPTER 3. Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services

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SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care coverage. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

Because you are a member of the UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) plan, **you can see any provider (in-network or out-of-network) that participates in Medicare at no additional cost to you. Your copayments or coinsurance stay the same.**

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (**Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay**).

Section 1.1	What are “network providers” and “covered services”?
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Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- **“Providers”** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **“Network providers”** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network generally bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you usually pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **“Covered services”** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1.2	Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan
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As a Medicare health plan, UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- **You receive your care from a provider who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare.** As a member of our plan, you can receive your care from either a network provider or an out-of-network provider (for more about this, see Section 2 in this chapter).
 - The providers in our network are listed in the **Provider Directory**.
 - If you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services will be the same.
 - **Please note:** While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider in the United States who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you go to a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.

SECTION 2 Using network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and are medically necessary. Here are other important things to know about using out-of-network providers:

Section 2.1 How to get care from specialists and other network providers
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A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

How to access your behavioral/mental health benefit

To directly access your behavioral/mental health benefits, please call the behavioral health number on the back of your member ID card 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. When you call, you will speak with a representative who will check your eligibility and gather basic information about you and your situation. Depending on the help you need, a clinician may then talk with you about the problem you are experiencing and assess which provider and treatment would be appropriate for your situation. You may also ask your primary care provider to call the number on the back of your member ID card and arrange a referral on your behalf. You may also call to receive information about **in-network practitioners**, subspecialty care and obtaining care after normal office hours. Confidentiality is maintained, so please be assured that personal information you discuss with their staff will be kept strictly confidential.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If this happens, you may continue to see the provider as long as he/she continues to participate in Medicare and the care you receive is a covered service and is medically necessary. Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists. When possible, we will provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your network provider is leaving our plan. You may call Customer Service at the number listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet if you have questions.

Section 2.2	How to get care from out-of-network providers
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As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and are medically necessary. Because you are a member of the UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) plan, **you can see any provider (in-network or out-of-network) that participates in Medicare at no additional cost to you. Your copayments or coinsurance stay the same.** Here are other important things to know about using out-of-network providers:

- You can get your care from an out-of-network provider, however, in most cases that provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you receive care from a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.
- You don't need to get a referral or prior authorization when you get care from out-of-network providers. However, before getting services from out-of-network providers you may want to ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary. (See Chapter 7, Section 4 for information about asking for coverage decisions.) This is important because:
 - Without a pre-visit coverage decision, if we later determine that the services are not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care. See Chapter 7 (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint**) to learn how to make an appeal.
- It is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill the plan first. But, if you have already paid for the covered services, we will reimburse you for our share of the cost for covered services. Or if an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, you can send it to us for payment. See Chapter 5 (**Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services**) for information about what to do if you receive a bill or if you need to ask for reimbursement.

SECTION 3 How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency
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What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?

A “**medical emergency**” is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do **not** need to get approval or a referral first from your primary care provider.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the world. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for care
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What is “urgently needed care”?

“Urgently needed care” is a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed care may be furnished by in-network providers or by out-of-network providers. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (**Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services**) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren't covered by our plan, either because they are not plan covered services, or plan rules were not followed.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 7 (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For example, if your plan covers one routine physical exam per year and you receive that routine physical but choose to have a second routine physical within the same year, you pay the full cost of the second routine physical. Any amounts that you pay after you have reached the benefit limitation do not count toward your annual out-of-pocket maximum. (See Chapter 4 for more information on your plan's out-of-pocket maximum.) You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.1 What is a “clinical research study”?

A clinical research study (also called a “clinical trial”) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Note: If you are not entitled to Medicare Part A coverage, neither Medicare nor the plan will cover the Part A related costs of your participation in a research study. (Medicare Part A generally covers services furnished by institutional providers such as hospitals, skilled nursing facilities or home health agencies.) Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has **not** approved, **you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.**

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study **and** you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan. Note: If you are not entitled to Medicare Part A coverage, neither Medicare nor the plan will pay the Part A costs related to a Medicare-covered clinical research study.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to get approval from us. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do not need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.** Here is why you need to tell us:

1. We can let you know whether the clinical research study is Medicare-approved.
2. We can tell you what services you will get from clinical research study providers instead of from our plan.

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Note: If you are not entitled to Medicare Part A coverage, neither Medicare nor the plan will pay the Part A related costs related to a Medicare-covered clinical research study.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your cost-sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

Here's an example of how the cost-sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and we would pay another \$10. This means that you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 5 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will **not** pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were **not** in a study.
- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (<http://www.medicare.gov>). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care covered in a "religious non-medical health care institution"

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?
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A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility care. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

Section 6.2 What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?
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To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is "non-accepted."

- “Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is **voluntary** and **not required** by any federal, state, or local law.
- “Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is **not** voluntary or **is required** under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to **non-religious** aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in your home, our plan will cover these services only if your condition would ordinarily meet the conditions for coverage of services given by home health agencies that are not religious non-medical health care institutions.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - — **and** — you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

You are covered for unlimited days in the hospital, as long as your stay meets Medicare coverage guidelines. The coverage limits are described under **Inpatient Hospital Care** in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1	Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?
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Durable medical equipment includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. Certain items, such as prosthetics, are always owned by the member. In this section, we discuss other types of durable medical equipment that must be rented.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of durable medical equipment own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented durable medical equipment items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the durable medical equipment item. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you have made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you switch to Original Medicare after being a member of our plan: If you did not acquire ownership of the durable medical equipment item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments for the item while in Original Medicare in order to acquire ownership of the item. Your previous payments while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made payments for the durable medical equipment item under Original Medicare **before** you joined our plan, these previous Original Medicare payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 consecutive payments for the item under Original Medicare in order to acquire ownership. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

CHAPTER 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

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SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1	Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services
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To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- The **“deductible”** is the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share. (Section 1.2 tells you more about your yearly plan deductible.)
- A **“copayment”** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **“Coinsurance”** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Some people qualify for State Medicaid programs to help them pay their out-of-pocket costs for Medicare. (These “Medicare Savings Programs” include the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB), Qualifying Individual (QI), and Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI) programs.) If you are enrolled in one of these programs, you may still have to pay a copayment for the service, depending on the rules in your state.

Section 1.2	What is your yearly plan deductible?
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Your combined in-network and out-of-network deductible is \$150. This is the amount you have to pay out-of-pocket before we will pay our share for your covered medical services.

Until you have paid the deductible amount, you must pay the full cost for most of your covered services. (The deductible does not apply to the services that are listed below.) Once you have paid your deductible, we will begin to pay our share of the costs for covered medical services and you will pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount) for the rest of the year.

The deductible does not apply to some services including certain in-network preventive services. This means that we will pay our share of the costs for these services even if you haven’t paid your yearly deductible yet.

The deductible does not apply to the following services:

Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening
Alcohol misuse counseling
Bone mass measurement
Blood
Breast cancer screening (mammogram)
Cardiovascular disease (behavioral therapy)
Cardiovascular screenings
Cervical and vaginal cancer screening
Chiropractic visit (Medicare-covered)
Colorectal cancer screenings
Depression screening
Diabetes screenings
Diabetes – self-management training
Diabetes monitoring supplies
Emergency room visits
Eyewear allowance for frames (Medicare-covered after cataract surgery)
HIV screening
Home health services
Hospice
Immunizations
Inpatient hospital care
Inpatient mental health care
Laboratory tests
Medical nutrition therapy services
Non-emergency worldwide coverage
Obesity screening and counseling
Prostate cancer screenings (PSA)
Routine hearing exam

Routine podiatry visits

Routine eye exam

Sexually transmitted infections screening and counseling

Skilled nursing facility care

Tobacco use cessation counseling

Urgently needed care – includes Worldwide Coverage

“Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit (one-time)

Yearly “Wellness” visit

Section 1.3	What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?
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Under our plan, there are limits on what you have to pay out-of-pocket for covered medical services:

Your **combined maximum out-of-pocket amount** is \$1,200. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered Medicare Part A and Part B services received from both in-network and out-of-network providers. The amounts you pay for deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance for covered services count toward this combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your plan premiums, (if applicable) do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.) If you have paid \$1,200 for covered services, you will have 100% coverage and will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium (if applicable) and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.4	Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you
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As a member of UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) an important protection for you is that after you meet any deductibles, you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost-sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost-sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:

- If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.

SECTION 2 Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) **must** be medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- For benefits where your cost-sharing is a coinsurance percentage, the amount you pay depends on what type of provider you receive the services from:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your **Medicare & You 2015 Handbook**. View it online at <http://www.medicare.gov> or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- We do not charge office visit cost-sharing if the sole purpose of the visit is to obtain preventive services. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2015, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

 You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medically Necessary - means health care services, supplies, or drugs needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your sickness, injury or illness that are all of the following as determined by us or our designee, within our sole discretion:

- In accordance with **Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice**.
- Most appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for your sickness, injury, or illness.
- Not mainly for your convenience or that of your doctor or other health care provider.
- Meet, but do not exceed your medical need, are at least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative, and are furnished in the most cost-effective manner that may be provided safely and effectively.

Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice are standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, relying primarily on controlled clinical trials, or, if not available, observational studies from more than one institution that suggest a causal relationship between the service or treatment and health outcomes.

If no credible scientific evidence is available, then standards that are based on Physician specialty society recommendations or professional standards of care may be considered. We reserve the right to consult expert opinion in determining whether health care services are Medically Necessary. The decision to apply Physician specialty society recommendations, the choice of expert and the determination of when to use any such expert opinion, shall be within our sole discretion.

Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Providers may ask you for more than one cost share payment if you get more than one service at an appointment. For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Your doctor will ask for a copayment for the office visit and additional copayments for each X-ray that is performed while you are there. Your hospital will ask for separate cost sharing for outpatient hospital medical services and any radiological tests or Medicare Part B drugs administered while you are there. The specific cost sharing that will apply depends on which services you receive. The Medical Benefits Chart below lists the cost sharing that applies for each specific service. 		
<p> Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening</p> <p>A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you get a referral for it as a result of your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for this preventive screening.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for this preventive screening.</p>
<p>Ambulance Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation are contraindicated (could endanger the person’s health) or if authorized by the plan. Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member’s condition is such that other means of transportation are contraindicated (could endanger the person’s health) and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. 	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered one way trip.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered one way trip.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Annual Routine Physical Exam</p> <p>Includes comprehensive physical examination and evaluation of status of chronic diseases. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for a routine physical exam each year.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for a routine physical exam each year.</p> <p>Benefit is combined in-network and out-of-network.</p>
<p> Annual Wellness Visit</p> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p> <p>Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>
<p> Bone Mass Measurement</p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>
<p> Breast Cancer Screening (Mammograms)</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39. • One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older. • Clinical breast exams once every 24 months. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Breast Cancer Screening (Mammograms) (continued)</p> <p>A screening mammography is used for the early detection of breast cancer in women who have no signs or symptoms of the disease. Once a history of breast cancer has been established, and until there are no longer any signs or symptoms of breast cancer, ongoing mammograms are considered diagnostic and are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart. Therefore, the screening mammography annual benefit is not available for members who have signs or symptoms of breast cancer.</p>		
<p>Cardiac Rehabilitation Services</p> <p>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitative visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitative visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>
<p> Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</p> <p>We cover 1 visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you’re eating well.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>
<p> Cardiovascular Disease Testing</p> <p>Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Cervical and Vaginal Cancer Screening</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months. • If you are at high risk of cervical cancer or have had an abnormal Pap test and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>
<p>Chiropractic Services</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>
<p> Colorectal Cancer Screening</p> <p>For people 50 and older, the following are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months. • Fecal occult blood test, every 12 months. <p>For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months. <p>For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>A colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy conducted for polyp removal or biopsy is a surgical procedure subject to the Outpatient Surgery cost sharing described later in this chart.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>A colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy conducted for polyp removal or biopsy is a surgical procedure subject to the Outpatient Surgery cost sharing described later in this chart.</p>
<p> Depression Screening</p> <p>We cover 1 screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Diabetes Screening</p> <p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.</p>
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. • For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. • Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. <p>Insulin and syringes are not covered.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each pair of Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Diabetes self-management training.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each pair of Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Diabetes self-management training.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Durable medical equipment and related supplies</p> <p>(For a definition of “durable medical equipment,” Chapter 10 of this booklet.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, hospital bed, IV infusion pump, oxygen equipment, nebulizer, and walker.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary durable medical equipment covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>
<p>Emergency Care</p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and • Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Worldwide coverage for emergency department services.</p>	<p>\$50 copayment for each emergency room visit.</p> <p>You do not pay this amount if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Fitness Program</p>	<p>\$0 membership fee.</p> <p>Monthly basic membership for SilverSneakers® Fitness program through network fitness centers.</p> <p>If you live 15 miles or more from a SilverSneakers fitness center you may participate in the SilverSneakers Steps Program and select one of four kits that best fits your lifestyle and fitness level — general fitness, strength, walking or yoga.</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Hearing Services</p> <p>Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <p>Routine Hearing Services</p> <p>Please turn to Section 4 Hearing Services of this chapter for more detailed information about this hearing services benefit.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered exam.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Routine Hearing Exam</p> <p>\$0 copayment for each routine hearing exam, limited to one exam every plan year.</p> <p>Hearing Aids (Includes digital hearing aids)</p> <p>Up to a \$500 allowance for hearing aids every 3 years.*</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered exam.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Routine Hearing Exam</p> <p>\$0 copayment for each routine hearing exam, limited to one exam every plan year.</p> <p>Benefit is combined in-network and out-of-network.</p> <p>Hearing Aids (Includes digital hearing aids)</p> <p>Up to a \$500 allowance for hearing aids every 3 years.*</p> <p>Benefit is combined in and out-of-network.</p>
<p> HIV Screening</p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One screening exam every 12 months. <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Home Health Agency Care</p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week). • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy. • Medical and social services. • Medical equipment and supplies. 	<p>\$0 copayment for all home health visits provided by a network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met.</p> <p>Other copayments or coinsurance may apply (Please see Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies for applicable copayments or coinsurance).</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for all home health visits provided by a network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met.</p> <p>Other copayments or coinsurance may apply (Please see Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies for applicable copayments or coinsurance).</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Hospice Care</p> <p>You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs for symptom control and pain relief. • Short-term respite care. • Home care. <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal condition:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal condition. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal condition:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal condition, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you obtain the covered services from a network provider, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services. • If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the plan cost-sharing for out-of-network services. <p><u>For services that are covered by the plan but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</u> the plan will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal condition. services. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these.</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal condition are paid for by Original Medicare, not UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO).</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Hospice Care (continued)</p> <p>If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal condition), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>		
<p> Immunizations</p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pneumonia vaccine. • Flu shots, once a year in the fall or winter. • Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B. • Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for all other Medicare-covered Immunizations.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for all other Medicare-covered Immunizations.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient Hospital Care</p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor’s order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary). • Meals including special diets. • Regular nursing services. • Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units). • Drugs and medications. • Lab tests. • X-rays and other radiology services. • Necessary surgical and medical supplies. • Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs. • Operating and recovery room costs. • Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy. 	<p>\$200 copayment for each Medicare-covered hospital stay.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Medicare hospital benefit periods do not apply. (See definition of benefit periods in Chapter 10.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Acute Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is considered a new admission. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.</p>	<p>\$200 copayment for each Medicare-covered hospital stay.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Medicare hospital benefit periods do not apply. (See definition of benefit periods in Chapter 10.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Acute Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is considered a new admission. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient Hospital Care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. • Physician services. <p>Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at http://www.medicare.gov/Publications/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers</p>	<p>Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient Mental Health Care</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mental health care services that require a hospital stay. • Inpatient substance abuse services. 	<p>\$200 copayment for each Medicare-covered hospital stay.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Medicare hospital benefit periods do not apply. (See definition of benefit periods in Chapter 10.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Acute Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is considered a new admission. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.</p>	<p>\$200 copayment for each Medicare-covered hospital stay.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Medicare hospital benefit periods do not apply. (See definition of benefit periods in Chapter 10.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Acute Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is considered a new admission. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient Services Covered During a Non-Covered Inpatient Stay</p> <p>If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physician services. • Diagnostic tests (like lab tests). • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services. • Surgical dressings. • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations. 	<p>When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections:</p> <p>Please refer below to Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor’s Office Visits</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p>	<p>When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections:</p> <p>Please refer below to Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor’s Office Visits</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Inpatient Services Covered During a Non-Covered Inpatient Stay (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices. • Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient’s physical condition. • Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy. 	<p>Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.</p>	<p>Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.</p>
<p> Medical Nutrition Therapy</p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs</p> <p>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services. • Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan. • Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia. • Immunosuppressive Drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant. • Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug. • Antigens. • Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs. • Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa). • Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases. • Chemotherapy Drugs, and the Administration of chemotherapy drugs. <p>You or your doctor may need to provide more information about how a Medicare Part B prescription drug is used in order to determine coverage. (For more information, see Chapter 7, What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).)</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered Part B drug.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chemotherapy drug and the administration of that drug.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered Part B drug.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chemotherapy drug and the administration of that drug.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Surgical supplies, such as dressings. • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations. • Laboratory tests. • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. • Other outpatient diagnostic tests – Non-radiological diagnostic services. 	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered medical supply</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered lab services.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered blood services.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered non-radiological diagnostic service.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Examples include, but are not limited to EKG's, pulmonary function tests, sleep studies and treadmill stress tests.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered medical supply</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered lab services.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered blood services.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered non-radiological diagnostic service.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>Examples include, but are not limited to EKG's, pulmonary function tests, sleep studies and treadmill stress tests.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other outpatient diagnostic tests – Radiological diagnostic services, not including X-rays. 	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered radiological diagnostic service, not including X-rays.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>The diagnostic radiology services require specialized equipment beyond standard X-ray equipment and must be performed by specially trained or certified personnel. Examples include, but are not limited to, specialized scans, CT, SPECT, PET, MRI, MRA, nuclear studies, ultrasounds, diagnostic mammograms and interventional radiological procedures (myelogram, cystogram, angiogram, and barium studies).</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered radiological diagnostic service, not including X-rays.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>The diagnostic radiology services require specialized equipment beyond standard X-ray equipment and must be performed by specially trained or certified personnel. Examples include, but are not limited to, specialized scans, CT, SPECT, PET, MRI, MRA, nuclear studies, ultrasounds, diagnostic mammograms and interventional radiological procedures (myelogram, cystogram, angiogram, and barium studies).</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Hospital Services</p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery. • Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital. • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it. • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital. • Medical supplies such as splints and casts. • Certain screenings and preventive services. • Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself. 	<p>Please refer to Emergency Care.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Mental Health Care.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to the benefits preceded by the "Apple" icon.</p> <p>Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs.</p>	<p>Please refer to Emergency Care.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Mental Health Care.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to the benefits preceded by the "Apple" icon.</p> <p>Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Hospital Services (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services performed at an outpatient clinic. • Outpatient surgery or observation. <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at http://www.medicare.gov/Publications/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>Please refer to Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.</p> <p>Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.</p>	<p>Please refer to Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.</p> <p>Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Injectable Medications</p> <p>(Self-administered outpatient injectable medications not covered under Part B of Original Medicare)</p>	Not Covered.	Not Covered.
<p>Outpatient Mental Health Care</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>
<p>Outpatient Rehabilitation Services</p> <p>Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech-language therapy visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech-language therapy visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Rehabilitation Services (continued)</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>
<p>Outpatient Substance Abuse Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient treatment and counseling for substance abuse 	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Surgery, Including Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers</p> <p>Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>For other services provided in an outpatient hospital, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.</p> <p>4% coinsurance copayment for Medicare-covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an ambulatory surgical center, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>For other services provided in an outpatient hospital, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an ambulatory surgical center, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Outpatient Surgery, Including Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers (continued)</p>	<p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>For other services provided in an ambulatory surgical center, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.</p>	<p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>For other services provided in an ambulatory surgical center, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.</p>
<p>Partial Hospitalization Services</p> <p>“Partial hospitalization” is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided in a hospital outpatient setting or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance each day for Medicare-covered benefits</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance each day for Medicare-covered benefits</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor’s Office Visits</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s office, • Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location. 	<p>4% coinsurance for services obtained from a primary care physician or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician’s assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a primary care physician’s office (as permitted under Medicare rules).</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>See “Outpatient Surgery” earlier in this chart for any applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts for ambulatory surgical center visits or in a hospital outpatient setting.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for services obtained from a primary care physician or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician’s assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a primary care physician’s office (as permitted under Medicare rules).</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>See “Outpatient Surgery” earlier in this chart for any applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts for ambulatory surgical center visits or in a hospital outpatient setting.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor’s Office Visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician). • Monitoring services in a physician’s office or outpatient hospital setting if you are taking anticoagulation medications, such as Coumadin, Heparin or Warfarin (these services may also be referred to as ‘Coumadin Clinic’ services). 	<p>4% coinsurance for each visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>You will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care physician services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under “Physician Services, Including Doctor Office Visits” or “Outpatient Hospital Services” in this benefit chart) depending on where you receive services.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance each visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>You will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care physician services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under “Physician Services, Including Doctor Office Visits” or “Outpatient Hospital Services” in this benefit chart) depending on where you receive services.</p>
<p>Podiatry Services</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs). • Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs. <p>Additional Routine Podiatry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Treatment of the foot which is generally considered preventive, i.e., cutting or removal of corns, warts, calluses or nails. 	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for each routine visit up to 6 visits every year.*</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for each routine visit up to 6 visits every year.*</p> <p>Benefit is combined in-network and out-of-network.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Prostate Cancer Screening Exams</p> <p>For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital rectal exam. • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test. 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p>
<p>Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies</p> <p>Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see “Vision Care” later in this section for more detail.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic or orthotic device, including replacement or repairs of such devices.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered supplies.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic or orthotic device, including replacement or repairs of such devices.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered supplies.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>
<p>Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services</p> <p>Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Screening and Counseling to Reduce Alcohol Misuse</p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>
<p> Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Counseling to Prevent STIs</p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling to prevent STIs preventive benefit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling to prevent STIs preventive benefit.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Services to Treat Kidney Disease and Conditions</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime. • Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3). • Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care). • Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments). • Home dialysis equipment and supplies. • Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply). <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section below, “Medicare Part B prescription drugs.”</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>These services will be covered as described in the following sections:</p> <p>Please refer to Inpatient Hospital Care.</p> <p>Please refer to Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Home Health Agency Care.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>4% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>These services will be covered as described in the following sections:</p> <p>Please refer to Inpatient Hospital Care.</p> <p>Please refer to Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Please refer to Home Health Agency Care.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p>Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care</p> <p>(For a definition of “skilled nursing facility care,” see Chapter 10 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called “SNFs.”)</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary). • Meals, including special diets. • Skilled nursing services. • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy. • Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care. (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) • Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. • Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs. • Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs. • X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs. • Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs. • Physician/Practitioner services. <p>A 3-day prior hospital stay is not required.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment each day for days 1 to 20.</p> <p>\$30 copayment each additional day, up to 100 days.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>You are covered up to 100 days each benefit period for inpatient services in a SNF, in accordance with Medicare guidelines.</p> <p>A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven’t been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment each day for days 1 to 20</p> <p>\$30 copayment each additional day, up to 100 days</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>You are covered up to 100 days each benefit period for inpatient services in a SNF, in accordance with Medicare guidelines.</p> <p>A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven’t been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (Counseling to Stop Smoking or Tobacco Use)</p> <p>If you use tobacco, we cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable inpatient or outpatient cost-sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p>
<p>Urgently Needed Care</p> <p>Urgently needed care is care provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed care may be furnished by in-network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.</p> <p>Worldwide coverage for ‘urgently needed care’ when medical care is needed right away because of an illness, injury, or condition that you did not expect or anticipate, and you can’t wait until you are back in our plan’s service area to obtain care.</p>	<p>\$35 copayment for each visit.</p> <p>You do not pay this amount if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>\$35 copayment for each visit.</p> <p>You do not pay this amount if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> Vision Care</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts. • For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, such as people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, and African-Americans who are age 50 and older: glaucoma screening once per year. • One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) Corrective lenses/frames (and replacements) needed after a cataract removal without a lens implant. 	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered standard glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.</p>	<p>4% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.</p> <p>You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered standard glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.</p>
<p>Routine Vision Care</p> <p>Please turn to Section 4 Vision Care of this chapter for more detailed information about this vision care benefit.</p>	<p>Routine Eye Exam</p> <p>\$0 copayment for a routine eye exam, limited to one exam every 12 months.*</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for a routine eye exam, limited to one exam every 12 months.*</p> <p>Benefit is combined in and out-of-network.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services in-network	What you must pay when you get these services out-of-network
<p> “Welcome to Medicare” Preventive Visit</p> <p>The plan covers the one-time “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p>Important: We cover the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor’s office know you would like to schedule your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.</p>

*Covered services that do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

SECTION 3 What medical benefits are not covered by the Plan?

Section 3.1 Benefits we do not cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what kinds of benefits are “excluded.” Excluded means that the plan doesn’t cover these benefits.

The list below describes some services and items that aren’t covered under any conditions and some that are excluded only under specific conditions.

If you get benefits that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won’t pay for the excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or elsewhere in this booklet), and neither will Original Medicare. The only exception: If a benefit on the exclusion list is found upon appeal to be a medical benefit that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Medical Benefits Chart, or anywhere else in this **Evidence of Coverage**, **the following items and services aren’t covered under Original Medicare or by our plan:**

- Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare, unless these services are listed by our plan as covered services.

- Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications, unless covered by Original Medicare or under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.) Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.
- Surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when it is considered medically necessary and covered under Original Medicare.
- Private room in a hospital, except when it is considered medically necessary.
- Private duty nurses.
- Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.
- Full-time nursing care in your home.
- Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.
- Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.
- Fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household.
- Meals delivered to your home.
- Elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and mental performance), except when medically necessary.
- Cosmetic surgery or procedures, unless because of an accidental injury or to improve a malformed part of the body, including but not limited to ear or body piercing. However, all stages of reconstruction are covered for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
- Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures. However, non-routine dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.
- Chiropractic care, other than manual manipulation of the spine consistent with Medicare coverage guidelines.
- Routine foot care, except for the limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines and except as specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.
- Orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.
- Supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
- Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids, except as specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.

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- Eyeglasses, routine eye examinations, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, vision therapy and other low vision aids, except as specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter. However, eyeglasses are covered for people after cataract surgery.
 - Outpatient prescription drugs.
 - Reversal of sterilization procedures, sex change operations, and non-prescription contraceptive supplies.
 - Acupuncture.
 - Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).
 - Services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when emergency services are received at VA hospital and the VA cost-sharing is more than the cost-sharing under our plan, we will reimburse veterans for the difference. Members are still responsible for our cost-sharing amounts.
 - Laboratory or Radiology services performed for screening purposes or in the absence of disease or symptoms, except as specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.
 - Medical treatment or any services provided in a local, state or federal government facility or agency except when payment under the plan is expressly required by federal or state law.
 - All services, procedures, treatments, medications and supplies related to workers' compensation claims.
 - Physical examinations for the purpose of maintaining or obtaining employment, licenses, insurance, court hearings, travel, dietary counseling, weight reduction programs or for premarital and pre-adoption purposes and/or other non-preventive reasons.
 - Abortion, except for cases resulting in pregnancies from rape or incest or that endanger the life of the mother.
 - Smoking cessation products and treatments, except as covered in accordance with Medicare guidelines or as specifically described as a covered service in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.
 - Routine transportation, except as specifically described as a covered service in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.
 - Health services received as a result of war or any act of war that occurs during the member's term of coverage under the Evidence of Coverage.
 - Health services for treatment of military service related disabilities provided by the Military Health Services System (including CHAMPUS or TRICARE) under which the federal government agrees to pay for the services and supplies.
 - Paramedic intercept service (advanced life support provided by an emergency service entity, such as a paramedic services unit, which do not provide ambulance transport), except when Medicare criteria are met.
 - Optional, additional, or deluxe features or accessories to durable medical equipment, corrective appliances or prosthetics which are primarily for the comfort or convenience of the member, or for ambulation primarily in the community, including but not limited to home and car remodeling or modification, and exercise equipment.
 - Immunizations for foreign travel purposes.

- Substance abuse detoxification and rehabilitation, except as covered in accordance with Medicare guidelines.
- Proton beam therapy for the medically appropriate treatment of prostate cancer is a covered service. Prior authorization must be obtained for all treatment in order for the proton beam therapy to be considered a covered service. Coverage for proton beam therapy for the treatment of prostate cancer is limited to a maximum of the Original Medicare allowable amount for conformal 3D photon beam therapy treatments for prostate cancer. Coverage is subject to coinsurance, including but not limited to, coinsurance for radiation therapy. Members are responsible for any amounts in excess of Original Medicare allowable amounts, and for any travel or other costs associated with obtaining proton beam therapy treatment of prostate cancer.

The plan will not cover the excluded services listed above. Even if you receive the services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered.

SECTION 4 Other additional benefits (not covered under Original Medicare)

Introduction

Your health and well-being are important to us, which is why we've developed the additional benefit(s) detailed in this section:

- Routine Hearing Services
- Routine Vision Care

The benefits described on the following pages are designed to help you stay healthy and provide well-rounded health coverage. Please read this section carefully, and reference it later if need be, to help you know what services are covered under your plan. If you ever have questions about what is covered, how to make a claim or about any other issue, please call Customer Service (phone numbers for Customer Service are on the back cover of this booklet). We are always happy to provide answers to any questions you may have. We're here to serve you.

The information in this section describes the following benefits:

- Routine hearing exam and hearing aids
- Routine eye exam

These are covered health services when you follow the coverage rules in the Evidence of Coverage. These services are in addition to Medicare-covered benefits outlined in the Evidence of Coverage. The provisions of this section are incorporated into and made a part of your Evidence of Coverage. Copayments or coinsurance for these covered health services do not apply toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum described earlier in this chapter.

Further details on the benefits available as part of your additional benefit(s) (if applicable) are detailed in the section titled: **Covered services**.

Submit a claim or request reimbursement

When you obtain services, the service provider normally submits a claim on your behalf. If the service provider is unwilling to do so, you can request reimbursement from us. To receive reimbursement, please take the following steps:

- Obtain a copy of your itemized receipt(s) from the provider.
- Make sure the itemized receipt includes the following:
 - The service provider's name, address and phone number
 - Your name
 - The date the service was completed
 - The amount you paid (or "paid in full" if the total amount has been paid)
- Mail the itemized receipt(s) to:

UnitedHealthcare Claims Department
P.O. Box 30968
Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0968

We should receive an itemized receipt from you or the provider within ninety (90) days after the date of service, or as soon thereafter as reasonably possible.

We will process your reimbursement based on your benefits. Upon completion of the reimbursement process, an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) will be sent to your mailing address.

Limitation of liability

We will not reduce or deny a claim for failure to furnish such proof within the time required, provided a claim is furnished as soon as reasonably possible. Except in the absence of legal capacity, we will not accept a claim more than one (1) year from the date of service.

Access your benefits

You may receive covered services from a provider anywhere in the United States by taking the following steps:

- Locate a provider of your choice.
- Call your selected provider's office to schedule your services.
- Pay the appropriate cost shares at the time of your service, if applicable.
- When you go to the provider's office for services, you may be asked to show your member ID card.

It is important to note that the provider has the right to decide whether or not he or she will agree to submit the bill for covered services directly to us for payment at the time he or she furnishes covered services to you. If the provider does not wish to submit the bill directly to us please follow the instructions under "Submit a Claim or Request Reimbursement".

Section 4.1 Routine Hearing Services

Hearing Service Providers

You may visit any hearing service provider for routine hearing services. For more information please see: **Access Your Benefits** earlier in this section.

Covered services

The following services are covered under your additional hearing benefit:

Routine Hearing Exam

- You can receive a complete hearing exam, every 12 months, through a hearing service provider
- No authorization needed

Please see the Medical Benefits Chart above for any copayment or coinsurance that may be due at the time of your exam.

Hearing Aids

Hearing aid units are medical devices that fit in or near the ear. The hearing aid benefit includes an allowance toward the purchase, fitting and professional maintenance or repair as required by the manufacturer of the device, of the most basic hearing aid(s) that will compensate for the loss of function.

This benefit may cover more than one year, but it may be changed or terminated at the end of the year. If the benefit is not offered in the following year, you will be notified in advance of this change. All benefits will end if the benefit is no longer offered.

Limitations and exclusions

The limitations and exclusions below apply to your additional hearing aid benefit:

- Government treatment for any services provided in a local, state or federal government facility or agency except when payment under the plan is expressly required by federal or state law.
- Any treatment or services caused by or arising out of the course of employment or covered under any public liability insurance, including, but not limited to, Worker's Compensation programs.

Covered expenses related to hearing aids are limited to plan Usual and Customary (U&C) charge of a basic hearing aid to provide functional improvement. Certain hearing aid items and services are not covered. Items and services that are not covered include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Replacement of a hearing aid that is lost, broken or stolen if occurrence exceeds covered rate of occurrence
- Repair of the hearing aid and related services
- Surgically implanted hearing devices
- An eyeglass-type hearing aid or additional charges for a hearing aid designed specifically for cosmetic purposes

- Services or supplies rendered to a member after cessation of coverage, except, if a hearing aid is ordered while
- Services or supplies that are not necessary according to professionally accepted standards of practice

Section 4.2	Vision Service Providers
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You may visit any vision service provider for routine vision care. For more information please see: **Access Your Benefits** earlier in this section.

Covered services

The following services are covered under your vision benefit: Routine Eye Exam (refraction)

- A complete vision exam every 12 months, through a vision service provider or an out-of-network vision provider
- No authorization needed

Limitations and exclusions

The limitations and exclusions below apply to your additional vision benefit:

- Government treatment for any services provided in a local, state or federal government facility or agency except when payment under the plan is expressly required by federal or state law.
- Any treatment or services caused by or arising out of the course of employment or covered under any public liability insurance, including, but not limited to, Worker's Compensation programs.
- Orthoptics or vision training and any associated supplemental testing.
- LASIK, surgeries or other laser procedures for refractive error.
- Any eye examination required by an employer as a condition of employment.

CHAPTER 5. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

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SECTION 1 **Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services**

Section 1.1 If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment
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Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In either case, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called “reimbursing” you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you’ve paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you’ve received medical care from a provider who is not in our plan’s network

When you received care from a provider who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.
- **Please note:** While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If the provider is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow network providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges. For more information about “balance billing,” go to Chapter 4, Section 1.4.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan.

Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

- Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this booklet (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**) has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

Section 2.1 How and where to send us your request for payment

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It’s a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

UnitedHealthcare
PO Box 31362
Salt Lake City, UT 84131-0362

You must submit your claim to us within 12 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules for getting the care, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered.)
- If we decide that the medical care is **not** covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this booklet (**What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 7. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal." Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the Section 5.3 in Chapter 7 that tells what to do if you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service.

CHAPTER 6: Your rights and responsibilities

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SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan

Section 1.1 You have a right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Our plan has people and free language interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. This information is available for free in other languages. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats if you need it. If you are eligible for Medicare because of a disability, we are required to give you information about the plan's benefits that is accessible and appropriate for you.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan because of problems related to language or a disability, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and tell them that you want to file a complaint. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 1.2 You have a right to be treated with respect and recognition of your dignity and right to privacy. We must treat you with fairness and respect at all times

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. **We do not discriminate** based on a person's race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

Section 1.3 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services

You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network. You also have the right to choose an out-of-network provider that participates in Medicare. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) for more information.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from your providers **within a reasonable amount of time**. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7, Section 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 7, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

Section 1.4	We must protect the privacy of your personal health information
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your “personal health information” includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a “Notice of Privacy Practice,” that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, **we are required to get written permission from you first**. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

HEALTH PLAN NOTICES OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

MEDICAL INFORMATION PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2014

We¹ are required by law to protect the privacy of your health information. We are also required to send you this notice, which explains how we may use information about you and when we can give out or “disclose” that information to others. You also have rights regarding your health information that are described in this notice. We are required by law to abide by the terms of this notice.

¹This Medical Information Notice of Privacy Practices applies to the following health plans that are affiliated with UnitedHealth Group: ACN Group of California, Inc.; All Savers Insurance Company; All Savers Life Insurance Company of California; AmeriChoice of Connecticut, Inc.; AmeriChoice of Georgia, Inc.; AmeriChoice of New Jersey, Inc.; Arizona Physicians IPA, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Maryland, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Texas Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus South Central Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus Wisconsin Insurance Company; Citrus Health Care, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers of California, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers of Illinois, Inc.; Evercare of Arizona, Inc.; Golden Rule Insurance Company; Health Plan of Nevada, Inc.; MAMSI Life and Health Insurance Company; MD - Individual Practice Association, Inc.; Medical Health Plans of Florida, Inc.; Medica HealthCare Plans, Inc.; Midwest Security Life Insurance Company; National Pacific Dental, Inc.; Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc.; Nevada Pacific Dental; Optimum Choice, Inc.; Oxford Health Insurance, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (CT), Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (NJ), Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (NY), Inc.; PacifiCare Life and Health Insurance Company; PacifiCare Life Assurance Company; PacifiCare of Arizona, Inc.; PacifiCare of Colorado, Inc.; PacifiCare of Nevada, Inc.; Physicians Health Choice of New York, Inc.; Physicians Health Choice of Texas, LLC; Preferred Partners, Inc.; Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; UHC of California; U.S. Behavioral Health Plan, California; Unimerica Insurance Company; Unimerica Life Insurance Company of New York; Unison Health Plan of Delaware, Inc.; Unison Health Plan of the Capital Area, Inc.; United Behavioral Health; UnitedHealthcare Benefits of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Texas, L.L.C.; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of Illinois; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of New York; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of the River Valley; UnitedHealthcare Life Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare of Alabama, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arizona, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arkansas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Colorado, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Florida, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Kentucky, Ltd.; UnitedHealthcare of Louisiana, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Mid-Atlantic, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midlands, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midwest, Inc.; United HealthCare of Mississippi, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New England, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New Mexico, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New York, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of North Carolina, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oklahoma, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oregon, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Pennsylvania, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Utah, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Washington, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Wisconsin, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Plan of the River Valley, Inc.

The terms “information” or “health information” in this notice include any information we maintain that reasonably can be used to identify you and that relates to your physical or mental health condition, the provision of health care to you, or the payment for such health care. We will comply with the requirements of applicable privacy laws related to notifying you in the event of a breach of your health information.

We have the right to change our privacy practices and the terms of this notice. If we make a material change to our privacy practices, we will provide to you, in our next annual distribution, either a revised notice or information about the material change and how to obtain a revised notice. We will provide you with this information either by direct mail or electronically, in accordance with applicable law. In all cases, we will post the revised notice on your health plan website, such as www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs. We reserve the right to make any revised or changed notice effective for information we already have and for information that we receive in the future.

UnitedHealth Group collects and maintains oral, written and electronic information to administer our business and to provide products, services and information of importance to our enrollees. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural security safeguards in the handling and maintenance of our enrollees’ information, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse.

How We Use or Disclose Information

We must use and disclose your health information to provide that information:

- To you or someone who has the legal right to act for you (your personal representative) in order to administer your rights as described in this notice; and
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, if necessary, to make sure your privacy is protected.

We have the right to use and disclose health information for your treatment, to pay for your health care and to operate our business. For example, we may use or disclose your health information:

- **For Payment** of premiums due us, to determine your coverage, and to process claims for health care services you receive, including for subrogation or coordination of other benefits you may have. For example, we may tell a doctor whether you are eligible for coverage and what percentage of the bill may be covered.
- **For Treatment.** We may use or disclose health information to aid in your treatment or the coordination of your care. For example, we may disclose information to your physicians or hospitals to help them provide medical care to you.
- **For Health Care Operations.** We may use or disclose health information as necessary to operate and manage our business activities related to providing and managing your health care coverage. For example, we might talk to your physician to suggest a disease management or wellness program that could help improve your health or we may analyze data to determine how we can improve our services.
- **To Provide You Information on Health Related Programs or Products** such as alternative medical treatments and programs or about health-related products and services, subject to limits imposed by law.

- **For Plan Sponsors.** If your coverage is through an employer sponsored group health plan, we may share summary health information and enrollment and disenrollment information with the plan sponsor. In addition, we may share other health information with the plan sponsor for plan administration purposes if the plan sponsor agrees to special restrictions on its use and disclosure of the information in accordance with federal law.
- **For Underwriting Purposes.** We may use or disclose your health information for underwriting purposes; however, we will not use or disclose your genetic information for such purposes.
- **For Reminders.** We may use or disclose health information to send you reminders about your benefits or care, such as appointment reminders with providers who provide medical care to you.

We may use or disclose your health information for the following purposes under limited circumstances:

- **As Required by Law.** We may disclose information when required to do so by law.
- **To Persons Involved With Your Care.** We may use or disclose your health information to a person involved in your care or who helps pay for your care, such as a family member, when you are incapacitated or in an emergency, or when you agree or fail to object when given the opportunity. If you are unavailable or unable to object, we will use our best judgment to decide if the disclosure is in your best interests. Special rules apply regarding when we may disclose health information to family members and others involved in a deceased individual's care. We may disclose health information to any persons involved, prior to the death, in the care or payment for care of a deceased individual, unless we are aware that doing so would be inconsistent with a preference previously expressed by the deceased.
- **For Public Health Activities** such as reporting or preventing disease outbreaks to a public health authority.
- **For Reporting Victims of Abuse, Neglect or Domestic Violence** to government authorities that are authorized by law to receive such information, including a social service or protective service agency.
- **For Health Oversight Activities** to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as licensure, governmental audits and fraud and abuse investigations.
- **For Judicial or Administrative Proceedings** such as in response to a court order, search warrant or subpoena.
- **For Law Enforcement Purposes.** We may disclose your health information to a law enforcement official for purposes such as providing limited information to locate a missing person or report a crime.
- **To Avoid a Serious Threat to Health or Safety** to you, another person, or the public, by, for example, disclosing information to public health agencies or law enforcement authorities, or in the event of an emergency or natural disaster.
- **For Specialized Government Functions** such as military and veteran activities, national security and intelligence activities, and the protective services for the President and others.

- **For Workers' Compensation** as authorized by, or to the extent necessary to comply with, state workers compensation laws that govern job-related injuries or illness.
- **For Research Purposes** such as research related to the evaluation of certain treatments or the prevention of disease or disability, if the research study meets federal privacy law requirements.
- **To Provide Information Regarding Decedents.** We may disclose information to a coroner or medical examiner to identify a deceased person, determine a cause of death, or as authorized by law. We may also disclose information to funeral directors as necessary to carry out their duties.
- **For Organ Procurement Purposes.** We may use or disclose information to entities that handle procurement, banking or transplantation of organs, eyes or tissue to facilitate donation and transplantation.
- **To Correctional Institutions or Law Enforcement Officials** if you are an inmate of a correctional institution or under the custody of a law enforcement official, but only if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.
- **To Business Associates** that perform functions on our behalf or provide us with services if the information is necessary for such functions or services. Our business associates are required, under contract with us and pursuant to federal law, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract and as permitted by federal law.
- **Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure.** Certain federal and state laws may require special privacy protections that restrict the use and disclosure of certain health information, including highly confidential information about you. "Highly confidential information" may include confidential information under Federal laws governing alcohol and drug abuse information and genetic information as well as state laws that often protect the following types of information:
 1. HIV/AIDS;
 2. Mental health;
 3. Genetic tests;
 4. Alcohol and drug abuse;
 5. Sexually transmitted diseases and reproductive health information; and
 6. Child or adult abuse or neglect, including sexual assault.

If a use or disclosure of health information described above in this notice is prohibited or materially limited by other laws that apply to us, it is our intent to meet the requirements of the more stringent law. Attached to this notice is a "Federal and State Amendments" document.

Except for uses and disclosures described and limited as set forth in this notice, we will use and disclose your health information only with a written authorization from you. This includes, except for limited circumstances allowed by federal privacy law, not using or disclosing psychotherapy notes about you, selling your health information to others, or using or disclosing your health information for certain promotional communications that are prohibited marketing communications under federal law, without your written authorization. Once you give us authorization to release your health information, we cannot guarantee that the recipient to whom the information is provided will not disclose the information. You may take back or “revoke” your written authorization at any time in writing, except if we have already acted based on your authorization. To find out where to mail your written authorization and how to revoke an authorization, contact the phone number listed on the back of your member ID card.

What Are Your Rights

The following are your rights with respect to your health information:

- **You have the right to ask to restrict** uses or disclosures of your information for treatment, payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to ask to restrict disclosures to family members or to others who are involved in your health care or payment for your health care. We may also have policies on dependent access that authorize your dependents to request certain restrictions. **Please note that while we will try to honor your request and will permit requests consistent with our policies, we are not required to agree to any restriction.**
- **You have the right to ask to receive confidential communications** of information in a different manner or at a different place (for example, by sending information to a P.O. Box instead of your home address). We will accommodate reasonable requests where a disclosure of all or part of your health information otherwise could endanger you. In certain circumstances, we will accept your verbal request to receive confidential communications, however, we may also require you confirm your request in writing. In addition, any requests to modify or cancel a previous confidential communication request must be made in writing. Mail your request to the address listed below.
- **You have the right to see and obtain a copy** of certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records. If we maintain your health information electronically, you will have the right to request that we send a copy of your health information in an electronic format to you. You can also request that we provide a copy of your information to a third party that you identify. In some cases you may receive a summary of this health information. You must make a written request to inspect and copy your health information or have your information sent to a third party. Mail your request to the address listed below. In certain limited circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your health information. If we deny your request, you may have the right to have the denial reviewed. We may charge a reasonable fee for any copies.
- **You have the right to ask to amend** certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records, if you believe the health information about you is wrong or incomplete. Your request must be in writing and provide the reasons for the requested amendment. Mail your request to the address listed below. If we deny your request, you may have a statement of your disagreement added to your health information.

- **You have the right to receive an accounting** of certain disclosures of your information made by us during the six years prior to your request. This accounting will not include disclosures of information made: (i) for treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes; (ii) to you or pursuant to your authorization; and (iii) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials; and (iv) other disclosures for which federal law does not require us to provide an accounting.
- **You have the right to a paper copy of this notice.** You may ask for a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. You also may also obtain a copy of this notice on your health plan website, such as www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs.

Exercising Your Rights

- **Contacting your Health Plan.** If you have any questions about this notice or want information about exercising your rights, please **call the toll-free member phone number on the back of your health plan ID card** or you may contact a UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center Representative at **1-844-518-5877**.
- **Submitting a Written Request.** Mail to us your written requests to exercise any of your rights, including modifying or cancelling a confidential communication, requesting copies of your records, or requesting amendments to your record, at the following address:

UnitedHealthcare Privacy Office
PO Box 1459
Minneapolis, MN 55440

- **Filing a Complaint.** If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us at the address listed above.

You may also notify the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of your complaint. We will not take any action against you for filing a complaint.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2014

We² are committed to maintaining the confidentiality of your personal financial information. For the purposes of this notice, “personal financial information” means information about an enrollee or an applicant for health care coverage that identifies the individual, is not generally publicly available, and is collected from the individual or is obtained in connection with providing health care coverage to the individual.

Information We Collect

We collect personal financial information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you on applications or other forms, such as name, address, age, medical information and Social Security number;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates or others, such as premium payment and claims history; and
- Information from consumer reports.

Disclosure of Information

We do not disclose personal financial information about our enrollees or former enrollees to any third party, except as required or permitted by law. For example, in the course of our general business practices, we may, as permitted by law, disclose any of the personal financial information that we collect about you, without your authorization, to the following types of institutions:

- To our corporate affiliates, which include financial service providers, such as other insurers, and non-financial companies, such as data processors;
- To nonaffiliated companies for our everyday business purposes, such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), or respond to court orders and legal investigations; and

²For purposes of this Financial Information Privacy Notice, “we” or “us” refers to the entities listed in footnote 1, beginning on the first page of the Health Plan Notices of Privacy Practices, plus the following UnitedHealthcare affiliates: AmeriChoice Health Services, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers, Inc.; HealthAllies, Inc.; MAMSI Insurance Resources, LLC; Managed Physical Network, Inc.; OneNet PPO, LLC; Oxford Benefit Management, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans LLC; ProcessWorks, Inc.; Spectera, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; Unison Administrative Services, LLC; United Behavioral Health of New York I.P.A., Inc.; United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UnitedHealth Advisors, LLC; UnitedHealthcare Service LLC; UnitedHealthcare Services Company of the River Valley, Inc.; UnitedHealthOne Agency, Inc. This Financial Information Privacy Notice only applies where required by law. Specifically, it does not apply to (1) health care insurance products offered in Nevada by Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. and Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; or (2) other UnitedHealth Group health plans in states that provide exceptions for HIPAA covered entities or health insurance products.

- To nonaffiliated companies that perform services for us, including sending promotional communications on our behalf.

Confidentiality and Security

We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect your personal financial information against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse. These measures include computer safeguards, secured files and buildings, and restrictions on who may access your personal financial information.

Questions About this Notice

If you have any questions about this notice, please **call the toll-free member phone number on the back of your health plan ID card** or contact the UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center at **1-800-643-4845**.

**UNITEDHEALTH GROUP
 HEALTH PLAN NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES:
 FEDERAL AND STATE AMENDMENTS**

Revised: June 30, 2013

The first part of this Notice, which provides our privacy practices for Medical Information, describes how we may use and disclose your health information under federal privacy rules. There are other laws that may limit our rights to use and disclose your health information beyond what we are allowed to do under the federal privacy rules. The purpose of the charts below is to:

1. show the categories of health information that are subject to these more restrictive laws; and
2. give you a general summary of when we can use and disclose your health information without your consent.

If your written consent is required under the more restrictive laws, the consent must meet the particular rules of the applicable federal or state law.

Summary of Federal Laws

Alcohol & Drug Abuse Information	
We are allowed to use and disclose alcohol and drug abuse information that is protected by federal law only (1) in certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	
Genetic Information	
We are not allowed to use genetic information for underwriting purposes.	

Summary of State Laws

General Health Information	
We are allowed to disclose general health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, NE, PR, RI, VT, WA, WI
HMOs must give enrollees an opportunity to approve or refuse disclosures, subject to certain exceptions.	KY
You may be able to restrict certain electronic disclosures of health information.	NC, NV
We are not allowed to use health information for certain purposes.	CA, IA
We will not use and/or disclosure information regarding certain public assistance programs except for certain purposes	MO, NJ, SD

Prescriptions	
We are allowed to disclose prescription-related information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	ID, NH, NV
Communicable Diseases	
We are allowed to disclose communicable disease information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	AZ, IN, KS, MI, NV, OK
Sexually Transmitted Diseases and Reproductive Health	
We are allowed to disclose sexually transmitted disease and/or reproductive health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, FL, IN, KS, MI, MT, NJ, NV, PR, WA, WY
Alcohol and Drug Abuse	
We are allowed to use and disclose alcohol and drug abuse information (1) under certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	CT, GA, KY, IL, IN, IA, LA, MN, NC, NH, WA, WI
Disclosures of alcohol and drug abuse information may be restricted by the individual who is the subject of the information.	WA
Genetic Information	
We are not allowed to disclose genetic information without your written consent.	CA, CO, IL, KS, KY, LA, NY, RI, TN, WY
We are allowed to disclose genetic information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	AK, AZ, FL, GA, IA, MD, MA, MO, NJ, NV, NH, NM, OR, RI, TX, UT, VT
Restrictions apply to (1) the use, and/or (2) the retention of genetic information.	FL, GA, IA, LA, MD, NM, OH, UT, VA, VT
HIV / AIDS	
We are allowed to disclose HIV/AIDS-related information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	AZ, AR, CA, CT, DE, FL, GA, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, ME, MI, MO, MT, NY, NC, NH, NM, NV, OR, PA, PR, RI, TX, VT, WV, WA, WI, WY
Certain restrictions apply to oral disclosures of HIV/AIDS-related information.	CT, FL

Mental Health	
We are allowed to disclose mental health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, CT, DC, IA, IL, IN, KY, MA, MI, NC, NM, PR, TN, WA, WI
Disclosures may be restricted by the individual who is the subject of the information.	WA
Certain restrictions apply to oral disclosures of mental health information.	CT
Certain restrictions apply to the use of mental health information.	ME
Child or Adult Abuse	
We are allowed to use and disclose child and/or adult abuse information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	AL, CO, IL, LA, NE, NJ, NM, RI, TN, TX, UT, WI

Section 1.5	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services
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As a member of UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.
- **Information about our network providers.**
 - For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
 - For a list of the providers in the plan's network, see the Provider Directory.
 - For more detailed information about our providers, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**
 - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
 - If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**
 - If a medical service is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service from an out-of-network provider.
 - If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 7 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 7 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)
 - If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care, see Chapter 5 of this booklet.

Section 1.6	You have a right to participate with practitioners in making decisions about your health care. We must support your right to make decisions about your care and a candid discussion of appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage.
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You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices **in a way that you can understand.**

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.
- **To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care.** You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 7 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, **if you want to**, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called “**advance directives**.” There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called “**living will**” and “**power of attorney for health care**” are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an “advance directive” to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service to ask for the forms (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint you may file a complaint with the appropriate state-specific agency, for example, your State Department of Health. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit A)**.

Section 1.7

You have a right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 7 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints.

As explained in Chapter 7, what you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint — **we are required to treat you fairly.**

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1.8	What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?
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If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, **and it's not** about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call **Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit A)**. Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 1.9	You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization's member rights and responsibilities policy. How to get more information about your rights
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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare**.
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Your Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: <http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534.pdf>.)
 - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Section 2.1 What are your responsibilities?

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Please call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
 - We are required to follow rules set by Medicare to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from our plan. This is called “**coordination of benefits**” because it involves coordinating the health benefits you get from our plan with any other health benefits available to you. We'll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 7.)
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan member ID card whenever you get your medical care.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
 - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer you are given, ask again.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan sponsors have made arrangements with us to offer a Medicare Advantage plan even though you aren't entitled to Part A based on former employment.

-
- For some of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service. This will be a copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your medical services.
 - If you get any medical services that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
 - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 7 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
 - **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
 - **If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.** (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
 - **If you move within our service area, we still need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
 - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.
 - **Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns.** We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
 - Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
 - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

CHAPTER 7: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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BACKGROUND

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	What to do if you have a problem or concern
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This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?
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There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says “making a complaint” rather than “filing a grievance,” “coverage decision” rather than “organization determination” and “Independent Review Organization” instead of “Independent Review Entity.” It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful — and sometimes quite important — for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

Section 2.1	Where to get more information and personalized assistance
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Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

Get help from an independent government organization

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit A)**.

You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website (<http://www.medicare.gov>).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

Section 3.1	Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?
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If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, **START HERE:**

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes

No

My problem is about benefits or coverage.
Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”**

My problem is **not** about benefits or coverage.
Skip ahead to **Section 9** at the end of this chapter: **“How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.”**

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1	Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture
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The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases we might decide a service is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can “appeal” the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you make an appeal, we review the coverage decision we have made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. If this happens, we will let you know. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

Section 4.2	How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal
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Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- To **get free help from an independent organization** that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
 - If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf>.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 4.3	Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?
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There are three different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: “Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 6** of this chapter: “How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon”
- **Section 7** of this chapter: “How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon” (**Applies to these services only:** home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit A)**.

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (**A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals**)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care
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This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**. To keep things simple, we generally refer to “medical care coverage” or “medical care” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “medical care or treatment or services” every time.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.

- **NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services,** you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here's what to read in those situations:

- Chapter 7, Section 6: **How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.**
- Chapter 7, Section 7: **How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.** This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.

- For **all other** situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

Which of these situations are you in?	
If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. Go to the next section of this chapter, Section 5.2 .
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an appeal . (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to Section 5.3 of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have already received and paid for?	You can send us the bill. Skip ahead to Section 5.5 of this chapter.

Section 5.2	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)
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Legal Terms	When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an “organization determination.”
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Step 1: You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a **“fast coverage decision.”**

Legal Terms	A “fast coverage decision” is called an “expedited determination.”
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How to request coverage for the medical care you want

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.
- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care.**

Generally we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. **A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 days** after we receive your request.

- **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.

- If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”

- **A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours.**
 - **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if you are asking for coverage for medical care **you have not yet received**. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if using the standard deadlines could **cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function**.
- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
 - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
 - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
 - The letter will also tell how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)

Step 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a “fast” coverage decision

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision, we will give you our answer **within 72 hours**.
 - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.

- If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)
- If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision, we will give you our answer **within 14 days of receiving your request**.
 - We can take up to 14 more calendar days (“an extended time period”) under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you our answer within 14 days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 days after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider – and perhaps change – this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

Section 5.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)
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Legal Terms	An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “ reconsideration. ”
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Step 1: You contact us and make your appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “**fast appeal.**”

What to do

- **To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us.** For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.**
- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.**
 - If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. (To get the form, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. It is also available on Medicare’s website at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf>.) While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be sent to the Independent Review Organization for dismissal.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us** at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (**How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care**).
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.**
 - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
 - If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal” (you can make a request by calling us)

Legal Terms	A “fast appeal” is also called an “ expedited reconsideration. ”
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- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
- The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.

Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

Deadlines for a “fast” appeal

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.** We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days.** If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written denial notice informing you that we have automatically sent your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Deadlines for a “standard” appeal

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days.**
- If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)
- If we do not give you an answer by the deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 days after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written denial notice informing you that we have automatically sent your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Step 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”
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Step 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a “fast” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “fast” appeal at Level 2

- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days.**

If you had a “standard” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “standard” appeal at Level 2

- If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days.**

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)
 - There is a certain dollar amount that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process. For example, to continue and make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level 2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal.
- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an administrative law judge. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 5.5

What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 5 of this booklet: **Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services**. Chapter 5 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**). We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: **Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**).

We will say yes or no to your request

- If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider. (When we send the payment, it's the same as saying yes to your request for a coverage decision.)
- If the medical care is **not** covered, or you did **not** follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying no to your request for a coverage decision.)

What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in part 5.3 of this section. Go to this part for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)
- If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**.

During your hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your “**discharge date**.” Our plan’s coverage of your hospital stay ends on this date.
- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

<p>Section 6.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights</p>
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During your hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called **An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights**. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- 1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don’t understand it.** It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:
 - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it.
 - Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
 - Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

Legal Terms	The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can “ request an immediate review. ” Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 6.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)
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2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at http://www.cms.gov/BNI/12_HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.asp.

Section 6.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
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If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization in your state and ask for a “fast review” of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

Legal Terms	A “fast review” is also called an “ immediate review .”
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What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (**An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights**) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit B)**.)

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization **before** you leave the hospital and **no later than your planned discharge date**. (Your “planned discharge date” is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
 - If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital **after** your discharge date **without paying for it** while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, **you may have to pay all of the costs** for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Ask for a “fast review”:

- You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a “**fast review**” of your discharge. Asking for a “fast review” means you are asking for the organization to use the “fast” deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

Legal Terms	A “fast review” is also called an “ immediate review ” or an “ expedited review .”
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Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Legal Terms	This written explanation is called the “ Detailed Notice of Discharge. ” You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/BNI/
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Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes to your appeal, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says **no** to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day **after** the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says **no** to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

Section 6.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
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If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 6.4	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?
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You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 6.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. (“Quickly” means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, **the first two levels of appeal are different.**

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Legal Terms	A “fast” review (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “expedited appeal.”
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Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.**
- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

Step 2: We do a “fast” review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.
- In this situation, we will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.

- If you stayed in the hospital **after** your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that you are **automatically** going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 2 Alternate Appeal

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”
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Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.

- The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by a judge.

Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

Section 7.1	This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services
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This section is about the following types of care **only**:

- **Home health care services** you are getting.
- **Skilled nursing care** you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a “skilled nursing facility,” see Chapter 10, **Definitions of important words**.)
- **Rehabilitation care** you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 10, **Definitions of important words**.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, **we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.**

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 7.2	We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending
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Legal Terms	In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a “fast-track appeal.” Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 7.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)
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Legal Terms	The written notice is called the “Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.” To get a sample copy, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or see a copy online at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/BNI/
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- 1. You receive a notice in writing.** At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, the agency or facility that is providing your care will give you a notice.
 - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask our plan to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.
- 2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.**
 - You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 5 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
 - Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan that it’s time to stop getting the care.

Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
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If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.

- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit A)**.

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization in your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.

What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit B)**.)

What should you ask for?

- Ask this organization to do an independent review of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization.

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Legal Terms	This notice explanation is called the “ Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. ”
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Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say **no** to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying its share of the costs of this care.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- This first appeal you make is “Level 1” of the appeals process. If reviewers say no to your Level 1 Appeal — **and** you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended — then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

Section 7.4	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
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If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal **and** you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 days, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal?

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7.5	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?
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You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 7.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, **the first two levels of appeal are different.**

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Legal Terms	A “fast” review (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “ expedited appeal. ”
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If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.**
- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

Step 2: We do a “fast” review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan’s coverage for services you were receiving.
- We will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review. (Usually, if you make an appeal to our plan and ask for a “fast review,” we are allowed to decide whether to agree to your request and give you a “fast review.” But in this situation, the rules require us to give you a fast response if you ask for it.)

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that you are **automatically** going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 2 Alternate Appeal

Legal Terms	The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “ Independent Review Entity. ” It is sometimes called the “ IRE. ”
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If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
 - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.

Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 **Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond**

Section 8.1 **Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals**

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 Appeal	A judge who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer. This judge is called an “Administrative Law Judge.”
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- **If the Administrative Law Judge says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over** — We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
 - If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the judge’s decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the administrative law judge says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 Appeal	The Appeals Council will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Appeals Council works for the Federal government.
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- **If the answer is yes, or if the Appeals Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over** - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.

- If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Appeals Council's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Appeals Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Appeals Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal	A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.
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- This is the last step of the administrative appeals process.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns



If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is **not for you**. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

Section 9.1	What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?
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This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems **only**. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can “make a complaint”

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<p>Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</p> <p>Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treated you?</p> <p>Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</p>
Waiting times	<p>Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</p> <p>Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by Customer Service or other staff at our plan?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.
Cleanliness	Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office?
Information you get from us	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give? • Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?

<p>Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)</p>	<p>The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in sections 4-8 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.</p> <p>However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you have asked us to give you a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint. • If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint. • When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint. • When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.
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Section 9.2 The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance”

<p>Legal Terms</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What this section calls a “complaint” is also called a “grievance.” • Another term for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.” • Another way to say “using the process for complaints” is “using the process for filing a grievance.”
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Section 9.3	Step-by-step: Making a complaint
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Step 1: Contact us promptly — either by phone or in writing.

Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. Call 1-844-518-5877, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., Monday through Friday, local time. TTY/TDD users call: 711.

- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If there is anything else you need to know Customer Service will let you know.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- The complaint must be submitted within 60 days of the event or incident. The address for filing complaints is located in Chapter 2 under **How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care.** We must address your grievance as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 days if you ask for the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If we do not accept your grievance in the whole or in part, our written decision will explain why it was not accepted, and will tell you about any dispute resolution options you may have.
- **Whether you call or write, you should contact Customer Service right away.** The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast complaint”.** If you have a “fast” complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours.**

Legal Terms	What this section calls a “fast complaint” is also called an “expedited grievance.”
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Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.
- **Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

Section 9.4	You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization
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You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about **quality of care**, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization.** If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization **(without making the complaint to us)**.
 - The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
 - To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, please see **Exhibit B** at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage**. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.
- **Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time.** If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

Section 9.5	You can also tell Medicare about your complaint
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You can submit a complaint about UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 8: Ending your membership in the Plan

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SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan
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Ending your membership in UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you **want** to leave.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 4 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

In the event you choose to end your membership in our plan, re-enrollment may not be permitted, or you may have to wait until your plan sponsor's next Open Enrollment Period. You should consult with your plan sponsor regarding the availability of other employer-sponsored coverage prior to ending your plan membership outside of your plan sponsor's Open Enrollment Period.

It is important to understand your plan sponsor's eligibility policies, and the possible impact to your retiree health care coverage options and other retirement benefits before submitting your request to end your membership in our plan.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Enrollment in this plan is generally for the entire plan year, however, you may leave the plan at any time of the year by sending a written request to your plan sponsor at 479 Versailles Rd., Frankfort KY, 40601. You may also fax this request to 1-502-573-0199.

Section 2.1	Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?
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If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- **Call your plan sponsor at 1-800-618-1687.**
- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can find the information in the **Medicare & You 2015 Handbook**.
 - Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.
 - You can also download a copy from the Medicare website (<http://www.medicare.gov>). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.
- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 3 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services through our plan

Section 3.1 Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan
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If you leave UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO), it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care through our plan.

- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 4 UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 4.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- We are notified that you no longer meet the eligibility requirements of your former employer, union group or trust administrator (plan sponsor).
- If you do not stay continuously enrolled in Medicare Part A and Part B. (Some plan sponsors have made arrangements with us to offer a Medicare Advantage plan even though you aren't entitled to Part A based on former employment.)
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your member ID card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

- If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

- You can call **Customer Service** for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 4.2	We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health
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UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Section 4.3	You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan
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If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 7, Section 9 for information about how to make a complaint.

CHAPTER 9: Legal notices

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SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this **Evidence of Coverage** and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on a person's race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed, age, or national origin. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage Plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Third party liability and subrogation

In the case of injuries or illness caused by or alleged to have been caused by any act or omission of a third party, and any complications incident thereto, we shall cover all Part D covered drugs. However, you agree to promptly notify UnitedHealthcare of the injury or illness and agree to reimburse us or our designee for the cost of all such drugs provided immediately upon obtaining a monetary recovery, whether due to settlement or judgment, as a result of such injuries.

You agree to cooperate in protecting the interests of UnitedHealthcare or its designee under this provision. You shall not settle any claim, or release any person from liability, without the written consent of UnitedHealthcare, wherein such release or settlement will extinguish or act as a bar to our right of reimbursement. Should you settle your claim against a third party and compromise the reimbursement rights of UnitedHealthcare or its nominee without our written consent, or otherwise fail to cooperate in protecting the reimbursement rights of UnitedHealthcare or its nominee, we may initiate legal action against you. Attorney fees will be awarded to the prevailing party.

If you suffer an illness or injury for which any third party is alleged to be liable or responsible due to any negligent or intentional act or omission causing illness or injury to you, you must promptly notify us of the illness or injury. We will send you a statement of the amounts we paid for services provided in connection with the illness or injury. If you recover any sums from any third party, we shall be reimbursed out of any such recovery from any third party for the payments we made on your behalf, subject to the limitations in the following paragraphs.

- 1) **Our payments are less than the recovery amount.** If our payments are less than the total recovery amount from any third party (the “recovery amount”), then our reimbursement is computed as follows:
 - a) **First:** Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the recovery amount (the term “procurement costs” means the attorney fees and expenses incurred in obtaining a settlement or judgment).
 - b) **Second:** Apply the ratio calculated above to our payment. The result is our share of procurement costs.
 - c) **Third:** Subtract our share of procurement costs from our payments. The remainder is our reimbursement amount.
- 2) **Our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount.** If our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount, our reimbursement amount is the total recovery amount minus the total procurement costs.
- 3) **We incur procurement costs because of opposition to our reimbursement.** If we must bring suit against the party that received the recovery amount because that party opposes our reimbursement, our reimbursement amount is the lower of the following:
 - a) our payments made on your behalf for services; or
 - b) the recovery amount, minus the party’s total procurement cost.

Subject to the limitations stated above, you agree to grant us an assignment of, and a claim and a lien against, any amounts recovered through settlement, judgment or verdict. You may be required by us and you agree to execute documents and to provide information necessary to establish the assignment, claim, or lien to ascertain our right to reimbursement.

SECTION 5 Medicare-covered services must meet requirement of reasonable and necessary

In determining coverage, services must meet the reasonable and necessary requirements under Medicare in order to be covered under your plan, unless otherwise listed as a covered service. A service is “reasonable and necessary” if the service is:

- Safe and effective;
- Not experimental or investigational; and

- Appropriate, including the duration and frequency that is considered appropriate for the service, in terms of whether it is:
 1. Furnished in accordance with accepted standards of medical practice for the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition or to improve the function of a malformed body member;
 2. Furnished in a setting appropriate to the patient's medical needs and condition;
 3. Ordered and furnished by qualified personnel;
 4. One that meets, but does not exceed, the patient's medical need; and
 5. At least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative.

SECTION 6 Non duplication of benefits with automobile, accident or liability coverage

If you are receiving benefits as a result of other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we will not duplicate those benefits. It is your responsibility to take whatever action is necessary to receive payment under automobile, accident, or liability coverage when such payments may reasonably be expected, and to notify us of such coverage when available. If we happen to duplicate benefits to which you are entitled under other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we may seek reimbursement of the reasonable value of those benefits from you, your insurance carrier, or your health care provider to the extent permitted under State and/or federal law. We will provide benefits over and above your other automobile, accident or liability coverage, if the cost of health care services exceeds such coverage. **You are required to cooperate with us in obtaining payment from your automobile, accident or liability coverage carrier. Your failure to do so may result in termination of your plan membership.**

SECTION 7 Acts beyond our control

If, due to a natural disaster, war, riot, civil insurrection, complete or partial destruction of a facility, ordinance, law or decree of any government or quasi-governmental agency, labor dispute (when said dispute is not within our control), or any other emergency or similar event not within the control of us, providers may become unavailable to arrange or provide health services pursuant to this Evidence of Coverage and Disclosure Information, then we shall attempt to arrange for covered services insofar as practical and according to our best judgment. Neither we nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation for delay or failure to provide or arrange for covered services if such delay is the result of any of the circumstances described above.

SECTION 8 Contracting medical providers and network hospitals are independent contractors

The relationships between us and our network providers and network hospitals are independent contractor relationships. None of the network providers or network hospitals or their physicians or employees are employees or agents of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. An agent would be anyone authorized to act on our behalf. Neither we nor any employee of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates is an employee or agent of the network providers or network hospitals.

SECTION 9 Our contracting arrangements

We pay providers using various payment methods, including capitation, per diem, incentive and discounted Fee-for-Service arrangements. Capitation means paying an agreed upon dollar amount per month for each member assigned to the provider. Per diem means paying a fixed dollar amount per day for all services rendered, such as inpatient hospital and skilled nursing facility stays. Incentive means a payment that is based on appropriate medical management by the provider. Discounted Fee-for-Service means paying an agreed upon fee schedule which is a reduction from their usual and customary charges.

You are entitled to ask if we have special financial arrangements with the network providers that may affect the use of referrals and other services that you might need.

SECTION 10 How our network providers are generally compensated

The following is a brief description of how we pay our network providers:

We typically contract with individual physicians and medical groups, often referred to as Independent Practitioner Associations (“IPAs”), to provide medical services and with hospitals to provide services to members. The contracting medical groups /IPAs in turn, employ or contract with individual physicians.

Most of the individual physicians are paid on a Fee-for-Service arrangement. In addition, some physicians receive an agreed-upon monthly payment from us to provide services to members. The monthly payment may be either a fixed dollar amount for each member, or a percentage of the monthly plan premium received by us. The monthly payment typically covers professional services directly provided by individual physicians and may also cover certain referral services.

Most of the contracted medical groups /IPAs receive an agreed upon monthly payment from us to provide services to members. The monthly payment may be either a fixed dollar amount for each member or a percentage of the monthly plan premium received by us. The monthly payment typically covers professional services directly provided by the contracted medical group/ IPA, and may also cover certain referral services. Some of our network hospitals receive similar monthly payments in return for arranging hospital services for members. Other hospitals are paid on a discounted Fee-for-Service or fixed charge per day of hospitalization.

Each year, we and the contracted medical group/IPA agree on a budget for the cost of services covered under the program for all plan members treated by the contracted medical group/IPA. At the end of the year, the actual cost of services for the year is compared to the agreed-upon budget. If the actual cost of services is less than the agreed-upon budget, the contracted medical group/IPA shares in the savings. The network hospital and the contracted medical group/IPA typically participate in programs for hospital services similar to that described above.

Stop-loss insurance protects the contracted medical groups/IPAs and network hospitals from large financial losses and helps the providers with resources to cover necessary treatment. We offer stop-loss protection to the contracted medical groups/IPAs and network hospitals that receive capitation payments. If any capitated providers do not obtain stop-loss protection from us, they must obtain stop-loss insurance from an insurance carrier acceptable to us. You may obtain additional information on compensation arrangements by contacting your contracted medical group/IPA, however, specific compensation terms and rates are confidential and will not be disclosed.

SECTION 11 Technology assessment

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and efficacious for Members. New procedures and technology that are safe and efficacious are eligible to become Covered Services. If the technology becomes a Covered Service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable Member Copayments, Coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safety and efficacy of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual Member, one of our Medical Directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual Member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

SECTION 12 Member statements

In the absence of fraud, all statements made by you will be deemed representations and not warranties. No such representation will void coverage or reduce covered services under this Evidence of Coverage or be used in defense of a legal action unless it is contained in a written application.

SECTION 13 Information upon request

As a plan member, you have the right to request information on the following:

- General coverage and comparative plan information
- Utilization control procedures
- Quality improvement programs
- Statistical data on grievances and appeals
- The financial condition of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates

SECTION 14 2015 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication

2015 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication

How you can fight health care fraud

Our company is committed to preventing fraud, waste, and abuse in Medicare benefit programs and we're asking for your help. If you identify a potential case of fraud, please report it to us immediately.

Here are some examples of potential Medicare fraud cases:

- A health care provider — such as a physician, pharmacy, or medical device company — bills for services you never got;
- A supplier bills for equipment different from what you got;

- Someone uses another person's Medicare card to get medical care, prescriptions, supplies or equipment;
- Someone bills for home medical equipment after it has been returned;
- A company offers a Medicare drug or health plan that hasn't been approved by Medicare; or
- A company uses false information to mislead you into joining a Medicare drug or health plan.

To report a potential case of fraud in a Medicare benefit program, call Customer Service at 1-844-518-5877, (TTY 711), 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., local time, Monday through Friday.

This hotline allows you to report cases anonymously and confidentially. We will make every effort to maintain your confidentiality. However, if law enforcement needs to get involved, we may not be able to guarantee your confidentiality. Please know that our organization will not take any action against you for reporting a potential fraud case in good faith.

You may also report potential medical or prescription drug fraud cases to the Medicare Drug Integrity Contractor (MEDIC) at 1-877-7SafeRx (1-877-772-3379) or to the Medicare program directly at (1-800-633-4427). The Medicare fax number is 1-717-975-4442 and the website is www.medicare.gov.

For more information on protecting yourself from Medicare fraud and tips for spotting and reporting fraud, visit www.stopmedicarefraud.gov. You can also request the guide titled, "Protecting Medicare and You from Fraud" by calling the number above or by visiting the "Fraud and Abuse" section of the website www.medicare.gov. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. A customer service representative can answer your questions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

CHAPTER 10: Definitions of important words

Accepting Assignment – In Original Medicare, a doctor or supplier “accepts assignment” when he or she agrees to accept the Medicare-approved amount as full payment. Depending on your plan, it can save you money if your doctor or supplier accepts assignment. If a doctor or supplier accepts assignment, your cost-sharing is limited to your copayment or coinsurance amount for the covered service.

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don’t pay for a drug, item, or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 7 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient up to 15% more than the plan’s payment amount for services. The “balance billing” amount is collected in addition to the patient’s regular plan cost-sharing amount. As a member of UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO), you only have to pay our plan’s cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to “balance bill” or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay. See Chapter 4, Section 4, Section 1 for more information about balance billing.

Benefit Period – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven’t received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods. For Inpatient Hospital Care, Medicare-defined hospital benefit periods do not apply. For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

Clinical Research Study – A clinical research study is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%).

Combined Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – This is the most you will pay in a year for all Part A and Part B services from both network providers and out-of-network providers. See Chapter 4, Section 1, for information about your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Co-payment, Copayment, Copay – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is usually a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor’s visit or prescription.

Cost Sharing – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed “copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when a specific service is received.

Covered Services – The general term we use in this EOC to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don’t have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Member Services.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan begins to pay.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Durable Medical Equipment – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples are walkers, wheelchairs, or hospital beds.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A home health aide provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Home Health Care – Skilled nursing care and certain other health care services that you get in your home for the treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services are listed in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1 under the heading "Home health care." If you need home health care services, our plan will cover these services for you provided the Medicare coverage requirements are met. Home health care can include services from a home health aide if the services are part of the home health plan of care for your illness or injury. They aren't covered unless you are also getting a covered skilled service. Home health services don't include the services of housekeepers, food service arrangements, or full time nursing care at home.

Hospice – An enrollee who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

Hospice Care – A special way of caring for people who are terminally ill and providing counseling for their families. Hospice care is physical care and counseling that is given by a team of people who are part of a Medicare-certified public agency or private company. Depending on the situation, this care may be given in the home, a hospice facility, a hospital, or a nursing home. Care from a hospice is meant to help patients in the last months of life by giving comfort and relief from pain. The focus is on care, not cure. For more information on hospice care visit www.medicare.gov and under "Search Tools" choose "Find a Medicare Publication" to view or download the publication "Medicare Hospice Benefits." Or, call (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day/7 days a week.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."

Independent Practitioner Associations (IPAs) – Individual physicians and medical groups contracted by the plan to provide medical services and with hospitals to provide services to members. The contracting medical groups/IPAs in turn, employ or contract with individual physicians.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See “Extra Help”.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare, a Medicare Cost Plan, a PACE plan, or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health plan that is offered in their area, except people with End-Stage Renal Disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

Medicare Assignment – When doctors agree to take Medicare's payment of the Medicare-Approved Amount as full payment. This is called “accepting assignment.”

Medicare Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

“Medigap” (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or “Plan Member”) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network – The doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities or providers that have an agreement with us to provide covered services to our members and to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. (See Chapter 1, Section 3.2)

Network Provider – “Provider” is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them “network providers” when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as “plan providers.”

Organization Determination – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. The Medicare Advantage plan’s network provider or facility has also made an organization determination when it provides you with an item or service, or refers you to an out-of-network provider for an item or service. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 7 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Original Medicare (“Traditional Medicare” or “Fee-for-service” Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for “cost-sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care (LTC) services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible, while getting the high-quality care they need. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see “Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.”

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

Plan Sponsor – Your former employer, union group or trust administrator.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Providers – Doctors and other health care professionals that the state licenses to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. A list of QIOs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage (Exhibit B)**.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drugs plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Care – Urgently needed care is care provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed care may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.

Exhibits

Exhibit A – State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) Contact Information

State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Alabama	Alabama Department of Senior Services	770 Washington Avenue RSA Plaza Suite 570 Montgomery, AL 36130	1-800-243-5463 TTY – 711	www.alabamaageline.gov/healthcare/
Alaska	Senior and Disabilities Services	240 Main St STE 601 Juneau, AK 99811-0680	1-907-465-3372 TTY – 1-907-465-5430	http://dhss.alaska.gov/dsds/Pages/medicare/default.aspx
American Samoa	Office of the Governor, American Samoa Government	A P Lutali Executive Office Building Pago Pago, AS 96799	1-684-633-4116 TTY – 711	www.americansamoa.gov
Arizona	Arizona Department of Economic Security Division of Aging and Adult Services	1789 West Jefferson Street, ATTN: SHIP 950A Phoenix, AZ 85007	1-800-432-4040 TTY – 711	www.azdes.gov/daas/ship
Arkansas	Senior Health Insurance Information Program	1200 West Third Street Little Rock, AR 72201-1904	1-800-224-6330 TTY – 711	http://insurance.arkansas.gov/shiip.htm
California	California's Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)	1300 National Drive, STE 200 Sacramento, CA 95834-1992	1-800-434-0222 TTY – 1-800-735-2929	www.aging.ca.gov/hicap/countyList.aspx
Colorado	Dora – Division of Insurance - State of Colorado	1560 Broadway, STE 850 Denver, CO 80202	1-800-930-3745 TTY – 711	http://cdn.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/DORA-DI/CBON/125161731291
Conneticut	State Department on Aging	25 Sigourney Street, FL 10 Hartford, CT 06106	1-860-424-5274 TTY – 711	www.ct.gov/agingservices

2015 Evidence of Coverage for UnitedHealthcare® Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)
Exhibit A

State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Delaware	841 Silver LK Blvd Dover, DE 19904	841 Silver LK Blvd Dover, DE 19904	1-800-336-9500 TTY – 711	http://delawareinsurance.gov/DMAB/
District of Columbia	Health Insurance Counseling Project (HICAP)	2136 Pennsylvania Ave Northwest Washington, DC 20052	1-202-739-0668 TTY – 1-202-973-1079	www.law.gwu.edu/academics/el/clinics/insurance/Pages/About.aspx
Florida	SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs	4040 Esplanade Way, STE 270 Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000	1-800-963-5337 TTY – 1-800-955-8770	www.floridashine.org
Georgia	DHS Division of Aging Services – GeorgiaCares Program	2 Peachtree St NW, 33rd Fl Atlanta, GA 30303	1-866-552-4464 TTY – 711	www.mygeorgiacares.org
Guam	Division of Senior Citizens Guam	130 University Drive, STE 8, University Castle Mall Mangilao, GU 96913	1-671-735-7011 TTY – 1-671-735-7415	dphss.guam.gov
Hawaii	Sage PLUS Program, Executive Office on Aging	No. 1 Capitol District, 250 South Hotel Street, STE 406 Honolulu, HI 96813-2831	1-888-875-9229 TTY – 1-866-810-4379	www.hawaiihip.org
Idaho	Department of Insurance	700 West State Street, PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0043	1-800-247-4422 TTY – 711	www.shiba.idaho.gov
Illinois	Senior Health Insurance Program	One Natural Resources Way, Suite 100 Springfield, IL 62702-1271	1-800-548-9034 TTY – 1-217-785-3356	www.state.il.us/aging/SHIP/default.htm

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Indiana	Indiana Department of Insurance – State Health Insurance Program	714 W 53rd St Anderson, IN 46013	1-800-452-4800 TTY – 1-866-846-0139	www.in.gov/idoi/2495.htm
Iowa	Senior Health Insurance Information Program	601 Locust Street 4th Fl Des Moines, IA 50309-3738	1-800-351-4664 TTY – 1-800-735-2942	www.shiip.state.ia.us/
Kansas	Kansas Department for Aging and Disability Services New England Building	503 S. Kansas Ave Topeka, KS 66603-3404	1-800-432-3535 TTY – 1-785-291-3167	www.kdads.ks.gov/SHICK/shick_index.html
Kentucky	Kentucky State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)	275 E. Main St, 1E-B Frankfort, KY 40621	1-800-372-2973 TTY – 1-800-627-4702	www.chfs.ky.gov/dail/ship.htm
Louisiana	Louisiana Department of Insurance, Senior Health Insurance Information Program	1702 N 3rd Street Baton Rouge, LA 70802	1-800-259-5300 TTY – 711	www.lidi.la.gov/SHIIP/
Maine	Maine Department of Health and Human Services	11 State House Station, 32 Blossom Lane Augusta, ME 04333-0040	1-800-262-2232 TTY – 711	www.maine.gov/dhhs/oes/community/medicare-assist.shtml
Northern Mariana Islands	Commonwealth of The Northern Mariana Islands SHIP Program	Caller Box 10007 Saipan, MP 96950	1-670-664-3000 TTY – 711	http://commerce.gov.mp/
Maryland	The Maryland Department of Aging	301 West Preston Street, STE 1007 Baltimore, MD 21201	1-800-243-3425 TTY – 1-410-767-1083	www.mdoa.state.md.us
Massachusetts	Executive Office of Elder Affairs	One Ashburton Place, FL 5 Boston, MA 02108	1-800-243-4636 TTY – 1-800-872-0166	www.mass.gov/elders/

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Michigan	Michigan Medicare Assistance Program (MMAP)	6105 W. Saint Joseph Hwy, STE 204 Lansing, MI 48917	1-800-803-7174 TTY – 711	www.mmapinc.org
Minnesota	Minnesota Board on Aging – Senior LinkAge Line	PO Box 64976 St. Paul, MN 55164-0976	1-800-333-2433 TTY – 1-800-627-3529	www.mnaging.org
Mississippi	Mississippi Department of Human Services, MS State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)	750 North State Street Jackson, MS 39202	1-800-948-3090 TTY – 711	http://www.mdhs.state.ms.us/programs-and-services-for-seniors/
Missouri	Missouri CLAIM	200 N Keene St STE 101 Columbia, MO 65201	1-800-390-3330 TTY – 1-800-735-2966	www.missouricclaim.org
Montana	Montana State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)	2030 11th Ave Helena, MT 59601	1-800-551-3191 TTY – 711	http://www.dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/services/aging/SHIP/ship.shtml
Nebraska	Nebraska Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)	941 O St, STE 400 Lincoln, NE 68508-3690	1-800-234-7119 TTY – 711	www.doi.nebraska.gov/shiip/
Nevada	Nevada State Health Insurance Assistance Program	3416 Goni Rd STE D-132 Carson City, NV 89706	1-800-307-4444 TTY – 711	http://www.nvaging.net/ship/ship_main.htm
New Hampshire	NH SHIP – ServiceLink Aging and Disability Resource Center	129 Pleasant Street STE 105 Claremont, NH 03743	1-866-634-9412 TTY – 711	www.nh.gov/servicelink/
New Jersey	Division of Aging and Community Services Department of Health (SHIP)	PO Box 807 Trenton, NJ 08625	1-800-792-8820 TTY – 711	http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
New Mexico	New Mexico Aging & Long-Term Services (ADRC)	PO Box 27118 Santa Fe, NM 87502-7118	1-800-432-2080 TTY – 1-505-476-4937	www.nmaging.state.nm.us
New York	Health Insurance Information Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP)	2 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223-1251	1-800-342-9871 TTY – 711	http://www.aging.ny.gov/HealthBenefits/Index.cfm
North Carolina	Seniors' Health Insurance Information Program	11 South Boylan Avenue Raleigh, NC 27603	1-800-443-9354 TTY – 711	http://www.ncdoi.com/SHIIP/Default.aspx
North Dakota	State Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIC)	600 E. Boulevard Ave Bismarck, ND 58505-0320	1-800-247-0560 TTY – 1-800-366-6888	www.nd.gov/ndins/shic/
Ohio	Ohio Department of Insurance	50 W. Town Street, Third FL – STE 300 Columbus, OH 43215	1-800-686-1578 TTY – 1-614-644-3745	www.insurance.ohio.gov/
Oklahoma	Senior Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIP)	5 Corporate Plaza, 3625 NW 56th St, STE 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73112-4511	1-800-763-2828 TTY – 711	http://www.ok.gov/oid/Consumers/Information_for_Seniors/index.html
Oregon	Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance Program	350 Winter St NE, STE 330 PO Box 14480 Salem, OR 97309-0405	1-800-722-4134 TTY – 711	http://www.oregon.gov/DCBS/SHIBA/Pages/index.aspx
Pennsylvania	Apprise Health Insurance Counseling Program	555 Walnut St, FL 5 Harrisburg, PA 17101-1919	1-800-783-7067 TTY – 711	http://www.portal.state.pa.us/portal/server.pt/community/department_of_aging_home/18206
Puerto Rico	State Health Insurance Assistance Program	PO Box 191179 San Juan, PR 00919-1179	1-787-721-6121 TTY – 711	www2.pr.gov/Directorios/Pages/InfoAgencia.aspx?PRIFA=152

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Rhode Island	Rhode Island Department of Human Services, Division of Elderly Affairs	74 West Rd, Hazard BLDG, FL 2 Cranston, RI 02920	1-401-462-0510 TTY – 1-401-462-0740	www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/
South Carolina	South Carolina Lieutenant Governor's Office on Aging	1301 Gervais Street, STE 350 Columbia, SC 29201	1-800-868-9095 TTY – 711	http://aging.sc.gov/seniors/medicare/Pages/default.aspx
South Dakota	South Dakota Department of Social Services – Adult Services and Aging	700 Governors Drive Pierre, SD 57501	1-866-854-5465 TTY – 711	www.shiine.net
Tennessee	Tennessee Commission on Aging and Disability	502 Deaderick St, FL 9 Nashville, TN 37243-0860	1-877-801-0044 TTY – 711	www.tn.gov/comaging/ship.html
Texas	Texas Department of Aging and Disability Services	PO Box 149030 Austin, TX 78714-9030	1-800-458-9858 TTY – 711	www.dads.state.tx.us
Utah	Aging Services Administrative Office	195 North 1950 West Salt Lake City, UT 84116	1-877-424-4640 TTY – 711	www.hsdaas.utah.gov/
Vermont	Department of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living	103 South Main Street, Weeks Building Waterbury, VT 05671-1601	1-800-642-5119 TTY – 711	www.ddas.vermont.gov
Virgin Islands of the U.S.	VI SHIP Medicare	Schneider Regional Medical CTR 9048 Sugar Estate St. Thomas, VI 00802	1-340-714-4354 TTY – 711	www.ltg.gov.vi
Virginia	Virginia Department for the Aging	1610 First Ave, STE 100 Henrico, VA 23229	1-800-552-3402 TTY – 711	www.vda.virginia.gov
Washington	Consumer Advocacy/SHIBA	PO Box 40256 Olympia, WA 98504-0256	1-800-562-6900 TTY – 711	www.insurance.wa.gov

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
West Virginia	West Virginia SHIP	1900 Kanawha Blvd East Charleston, WV 25305	1-877-987-4463 TTY – 711	www.wvship.org
Wisconsin	State of Wisconsin – Board on Aging & Long Term Care	1402 Pankratz ST, STE 111 Madison, WI 53703	1-800-242-1060 TTY – 1-888-701-1251	http://longtermcare.wi.gov
Wyoming	Wyoming Senior Citizens Inc.	106 W Adams PO Box BD Riverton, WY 82501	1-800-856-4398 TTY – 711	www.wyomingseniors.com

Exhibit B – Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) Contact Information

State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number
Alabama	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-430-9504
Alaska	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
Arizona	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
Arkansas	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
California	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
Colorado	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Conneticut	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Delaware	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708
District of Columbia	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708
Florida	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number
Georgia	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708
Hawaii	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
Idaho	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
Illinois	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Indiana	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Iowa	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Kansas	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Kentucky	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Louisiana	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Maine	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Maryland	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number
Massachusetts	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Michigan	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Minnesota	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Mississippi	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Missouri	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Montana	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Nebraska	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Nevada	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
New Hampshire	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
New Jersey	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
New Mexico	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number
New York	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
North Carolina	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-455-8708
North Dakota	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Ohio	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Oklahoma	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Oregon	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
Pennsylvania	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Puerto Rico	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Rhode Island	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
South Carolina	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number
South Dakota	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Tennessee	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Texas	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Utah	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504
Vermont	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Virgin Islands	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-866-815-5440 TTY – 1-866-868-2289
Virginia	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708
Washington	Livanta	BFCC – QIO Program 9090 Junction Drive Suite 10 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701	1-877-588-1123 TTY – 1-855-887-6668
West Virginia	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-844-455-8708
Wisconsin	KEPRO	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609	1-855-408-8557
Wyoming	KEPRO	5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131	1-844-430-9504

Exhibit C – Medicaid Contact Information

State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Alabama	Alabama Medicaid	501 Dexter Avenue, PO Box 5624 Montgomery, AL 36103-5624	1-800-362-1504 TTY – 1-800-253-0799	http://medicaid.alabama.gov/
Alaska	State of Alaska Health & Social Services	350 Main St, Room 404, PO Box 110601 Juneau, AK 99811-0601	1-907-465-3030 TTY – 711	www.hss.state.ak.us/
American Samoa	Department of Health	L.B.J. Tropical Medical CTR Pago Pago, AS 96799	1-684-633-4818 TTY – 711	http:// americansamoa. gov
Arizona	Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCS)	801 East Jefferson Phoenix, AZ 85034	1-800-432-4040 TTY – 711	www.azdes.gov/ daas/ship
Arizona	Division of Developmental Disabilities	3443 N. Central Ave, STE 600 Phoenix, AZ 85012	1-602-771-8080 TTY – 711	https://www.azdes. gov/developmen- tal_disabilities/
Arkansas	Department of Human Services	Donaghey Plaza South, PO Box 1437 Little Rock, AR 72203	1-800-482-8988 TTY – 1-800-285-1131	www.medicaid. state.ar.us/
California	Medi-Cal	1501 Capitol Ave., MS 4400 Sacramento, CA 95899	1-916-636-1980 TTY – 711	www.medi-cal. ca.gov/
Colorado	Senior Health Insurance Assistance Program	1570 Grant St Denver, CO 80203-1818	1-800-221-3943 TTY – 711	www.healthcolora- do.net/index.shtml
Conneticut	Department of Social Services	25 Sigourney St Hartford, CT 06106-5033	1-800-842-1508 TTY – 1-800-842-4524	www.ct.gov/dss

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Delaware	Delaware Health and Social Services	Division of Social Services, 1901 North Du Pont Highway, Lewis Building New Castle, DE 19720	1-800-372-2022 TTY – 711	http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/
District of Columbia	Department of Human Services	64 New York Ave NE # 6 Washington, DC 20002	1-202-671-4200 TTY – 711	www.dhs.dc.gov
Florida	Florida Medicaid Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA)	2727 Mahan DR, Mail Stop 6 Tallahassee, FL 32308	1-202-671-4200 TTY – 711	www.dhs.dc.gov
Georgia	Department of Community Health	2 Peachtree St NW Atlanta, GA 30303	1-404-656-4507 TTY – 711	www.dch.georgia.gov
Guam	Department of Public Health and Social Services Bureau of Healthcare Financing	123 Chalan Kareta Mangilao, GU 96913-6304	1-671-735-7173 TTY – 711	www.dphss.guam.gov/
Hawaii	Department of Human Services	1390 Miller St RM 209 Honolulu, HI 96813	1-800-316-8005 TTY – 1-800-603-1201	www.med-quest.us
Idaho	Department of Health and Welfare, Division of Medicaid	PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720	1-866-326-2485 TTY – 711	www.healthandwelfare.idaho.gov
Illinois	Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services	201 South Grand Ave East Springfield, IL 62763-0001	1-800-226-0768 TTY – 1-800-526-5812	www2.illinois.gov/hfs/
Indiana	Medicaid Policy and Planning Family and Social Services Administration	402 W. Washington St RM W382 Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739	1-800-457-4584 TTY – 711	www.indianamedicaid.com

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Iowa	Iowa Department of Human Services	100 Army Post Road Des Moines, IA 50315	1-800-257-8563 TTY – 711	www.dhs.state.ia.us
Kansas	Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KanCare)	900 SW Jackson, STE 900 N Topeka, KS 66612-1220	1-866-305-5147 TTY – 1-800-766-3777	www.kancare.ks.gov
Kentucky	Cabinet for Health and Family Services Department for Medicaid Services	275 East Main Street Frankfort, KY 40621	1-800-635-2570 TTY – 1-800-627-4702	www.chfs.ky.gov
Louisiana	Bureau of Health Services Financing Department of Health and Hospitals	628 N. 4th Street Baton Rouge, LA 70821-9030	1-888-342-6207 TTY – 711	http://new.dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/10
Maine	Department of Health & Human Services, Office of MaineCare Services	11 Statehouse Station Augusta, ME 04333-0011	1-207-287-9202 TTY – 1-800-606-0215	www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms
Northern Mariana Islands	State Medicaid Office	PO Box 409CK Saipan, MP 96950	1-670-664-4884 TTY – 711	www.aahd.us/tag/medicaid/
Maryland	Department of Health and Mental Hygiene	201 West Preston Street Baltimore, MD 21201	1-877-463-3464 TTY – 1-800-735-2258	www.dhmd.state.md.us
Massachusetts	Office of Health and Human Services MassHealth	100 Hancock St Quincy, MA 02171	1-888-665-9993 TTY – 1-888-665-9997	www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealth/
Michigan	Department of Community Health	Capitol View Bldg 201 Townsend St Lansing, MI 48913	1-517-373-3740 TTY – 1-800-649-3777	www.michigan.gov/mdch/

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Minnesota	Department of Human Services	PO Box 64989 St. Paul, MN 55164-0989	1-800-657-3739 TTY – 1-800-627-3529	http://mn.gov/dhs/
Mississippi	State of Mississippi Division of Medicaid	550 High St STE 1000 Sillers Bldg Jackson, MS 39201-1399	1-800-421-2408 TTY – 711	www.medicaid.ms.gov/
Missouri	MO HealthNet Division Department of Social Services	615 Howerton Ct PO Box 6500 Jefferson City, MO 65102	1-573-751-3425 TTY – 1-800-735-2966	www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/
Montana	Department of Public Health & Human Services	PO Box 202951 Helena, MT 59602	1-800-362-8312 TTY – 1-800-833-8503	www.medicaid.mt.gov
Nebraska	NE Medicaid Department of Health and Human Services Division of Medicaid & Long-Term Care	301 Centennial Mall South Lincoln, NE 68509	1-800-358-8802 TTY – 711	http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/default.aspx
Nevada	Division of Health Care Financing and Policy	1100 E. Williams St STE 101 Carson City, NV 89701	1-800-992-0900 TTY – 711	www.dhcfp.state.nv.us/
New Hampshire	NH DHHS Office of Medicaid Business & Policy Medicaid Program	129 Pleasant St Concord, NH 03301	1-800-852-3345 TTY – 1-800-735-2964	www.dhhs.nh.gov/ombp/medicaid/
New Jersey	Division of Medical Assistance & Health Services Department of Human Services	PO Box 712 Trenton, NJ 08625-0712	1-800-356-1561 TTY – 711	www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/
New Mexico	NM Human Services Department Medical Assistance Division	PO Box 2348 Santa Fe, NM 87504-2348	1-888-997-2583 TTY – 711	www.hsd.state.nm.us/mad/

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
New York	Office of Medicaid Management Department of Health	Corning Tower Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12237	1-800-541-2831 TTY – 711	www.health.state.ny.us/health_care/medicaid/index.htm
North Carolina	Division of Medical Assistance	2501 Mail Service Ctr Raleigh, NC 27699-2501	1-800-662-7030 TTY – 1-877-452-2514	www.ncdhhs.gov/dma/medicaid/contacts.htm
North Dakota	Department of Human Services	600 E. Boulevard Ave Department 325 Bismarck, ND 58505-0250	1-800-472-2622 TTY – 711	www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/
Ohio	Ohio Department of Medicaid	30 East Broad St 32nd Floor Columbus, OH 43215	1-800-324-8680 TTY – 711	http://medicaid.ohio.gov/
Oklahoma	SoonerCare Oklahoma Health Care Authority	30 East Broad St 32nd Floor Columbus, OH 43215	1-800-324-8680 TTY – 711	http://medicaid.ohio.gov/
Oregon	Division of Medical Assistance Programs	500 Summer St NE Salem, OR 97310-1079	1-800-527-5772 TTY – 1-800-375-2863	www.oregon.gov/oha/healthplan/Pages/app_benefits/main.aspx
Pennsylvania	Medical Assistance Programs Department of Public Welfare	PO Box 2675 Harrisburg, PA 17105	1-800-692-7462 TTY – 711	www.dpw.state.pa.us/
Puerto Rico	Department of Health Office of Economic Assistance to the Medically Indigent	PO Box 70184 San Juan, PR 00936-8184	1-787-250-0453 TTY – 711	www.salud.gov.pr/Programas/ProgramaMedicaid/Pages/default.aspx
Rhode Island	Executive Office of Health and Human Services (EOHHS)	57 Howard Ave Cranston, RI 02920	1-401-462-5300 TTY – 711	http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/
South Carolina	Health and Human Services	PO Box 8206 Columbia, SC 29202-8206	1-888-549-0820 TTY – 711	www.scdhhs.gov/

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State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
South Dakota	Department of Social Services Division of Medical Services	700 Governors Drive Pierre, SD 57501	1-605-773-3165 TTY – 711	www.dss.sd.gov/medicalservices/
Tennessee	TennCare	310 Great Circle Road Nashville, TN 37243	1-800-342-3145 TTY – 711	www.state.tn.us/tenncare
Texas	Texas Medicaid Health and Human Services Commission	4900 North Lamar Blvd. Austin, TX 78751	1-800-252-8263 TTY – 711	www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid
Utah	Department of Health, Division of Medicaid and Health Financing	PO Box 143106 Salt Lake City, UT 84114-3106	1-800-662-9651 TTY – 711	http://utah.gov/residents/healthandss.html
Vermont	Green Mountain Care Health Access Eligibility Unit	103 South Main Street Waterbury, VT 05676	1-800-250-8427 TTY – 711	www.greenmountaincare.org/vermont-health-insurance-plans/medicaid
Virgin Islands of the U.S.	Bureau of Health Insurance & Medical Assistance	Frostco Center, 210-3 A Altona, STE 302 Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00830	1-340-444-3325 TTY – 711	http://ltg.gov.vi/
Virginia	Department of Medical Assistance Services	600 East Broad Street Richmond, VA 23219	1-800-552-3431 TTY – 711	www.dmas.virginia.gov/
Washington	Washington State Health Care Authority	PO Box 45505 Olympia, WA 98504-5505	1-800-562-3022 TTY – 711	www.hca.wa.gov/
West Virginia	Bureau for Medical Services	Room 251, 350 Capitol St Charleston, WV 25301	1-888-483-0797 TTY – 711	www.dhhr.wv.gov/bms/Pages/default.aspx

2015 Evidence of Coverage for UnitedHealthcare® Group Medicare Advantage (PPO)
Exhibit C

State	Organization Name	Address	Telephone Number	Website
Wisconsin	Wisconsin Department of Health Services	1 West Wilson Street Madison, WI 53707	1-800-362-3002 TTY – 711	www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/MEDICAID/
Wyoming	EqualityCare Office of Healthcare Financing	6101 Yellowstone Road, STE 210 Cheyenne, WY 82002	1-307-777-7531 TTY – 711	www.health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/equalitycare/index.html

UnitedHealthcare Group Medicare Advantage (PPO) Customer Service:



Call **1-844-518-5877**

Calls to this number are free.
Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
local time, Monday through Friday
Customer Service also has free
language interpreter services available
for non-English speakers.

TTY **711**.

This number requires special telephone
equipment and is only for people
who have difficulties with hearing or
speaking. Calls to this number are free.
Hours of operation: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
local time, Monday through Friday



Write
UnitedHealthcare
Customer Service Department
P.O. Box 29675
Hot Springs, AR 71903-9675



Website
www.UHCRetiree.com/ktrs

State Health Insurance Assistance Program

State Health Insurance Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. A list of SHIPs in all states and their contact information can be found at the end of this **Evidence of Coverage** (Exhibit A).